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March 31, 2005
CLASSIFIED Annual Review Board ("ARB" or "Board") Submission on behalf of Mohamed Nechla by his Attorneys Stephen H. Oleskey, Robert C. Kirsch, Douglas Curtis and Melissa A. Hoffer Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP Boston, MA 02109

This Classified ARB Submission ("Classified Submission") is made by the law firm of Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP on behalf of its client, Mohamed Nechla. It replaces our February 1, 2005, submission to the Board, which is hereby withdrawn. The procedures set forth in the Administrative Review Board Process ("ARB Process") require this Board to undertake "careful consideration" of a number of factors, including the likelihood that Mr. Nechla "will take up arms against the United States or its allies," and Mr. Nechla's "intelligence value." This Classified Submission will provide the Board with information concerning those factors to assist its determination that Mr. Nechla does not pose a threat to the United States or its allies, and that there are no other factors supporting the need for Mr. Nechla's continued detention. Because the CSRT, as well as the underlying allegations, focus largely on the asserted relationships among Mr. Nechla and the five other Bosnian-Algerians taken into custody by U.S. forces in Bosnia in January 2002, we respectfully request that this Board consider the Classified Submissions for all six of our clients when evaluating each of their cases. For

Lu ) To the extent the Board relies on any such additional information, we request that it also be made available for immediate review and comment by us as Mr. Nechla's security-cleared counsel. See In Re Guantanamo Detainee Cases Memorandum Opinion Denying in Part and Granting in Part Respondents' Motion to Dismiss or for Judgment as a Matter of Law at 45-53 (Jan. 31, 2005) (Classified) (finding CSRT process unconstitutional on the ground that, inter alia, counsel must have access to all information relied upon for purposes of reaching "enemy combatant" determination).



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WCPHD provides this submission and the accompanying materials without waiving any claims submitted on behalf of Mr. Nechla in the habeas corpus action Boumediene et al. v. Bush et al., currently pending in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. WCPHD has contended in those proceedings that Mr. Nechla was seized unlawfully by U.S. military authorities from Bosnia Herzegovina and is being detained unlawfully at Guantanamo.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> (u) This Classified Submission necessarily focuses on the classified contents of the record relied upon by the CSRT, which is the only classified information available at this time to counsel for Mr. Nechla. The CSRT record, however, includes only a small portion of the written record reflecting information and statements provided by Mr. Nechla during his internment at Guantanamo. For example, we are aware that every detainee subject to the Department of Defense's order establishing the CSRTs was determined to be an enemy combatant through "multiple levels of review." See Order Establishing Combatant Status Review Tribunal, § (a) (July 7, 2004). We have not been furnished with documentation demonstrating either the facts or process used in such previous "multiple levels of review" for either Mr. Nechla or for our other five clients.

The Board should affirmatively enquire whether additional information is available that bears on the facts that Mr. Nechla does not pose a risk to the United States or its interests and has no intelligence value. Further, this Board is mandated by its own procedures to assess the reliability of any piece of information presented in the ARB proceeding, including whether the information is "specific as to the matters described," "corroborated by other information," and was obtained by a source that "appears credible." Administrative Review Board Process, ARB proceedings at (e)(3). The ARB procedures specifically recognize that information that is "vague, unsupported, or not established through reliable sources" is considered less reliable.

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the reasons explained below, this Board should find that Mr. Nechla does not pose a threat to the United States or its allies, and has no intelligence value.

#### (4) I. DISCUSSION OF ARB CRITERIA

#### A.(V) Mr. Nechla's Personal Information, Work History, and Family Status

- (u) The CSRT record shows that Mr. Nechla came from a family of modest resources in Algeria, and that his father was permanently disabled in a job-related accident in 1968. To support his family, Mr. Nechla, who did not pass his high school graduation exam, worked selling fruits and vegetables in a street market in Algeria. Like many other youths of his age and education at that time, he left Algeria in 1990 in search of a better paying job, given the high unemployment rates. For eleven years following his departure from Algeria, Mr. Nechla was a teacher and a charity worker, including particularly the period 1994-2001 when he did relief work in Albania and then Bosnia. See Encl. (2) to Nechla CSRT Decision Report at Exhibits R-5, R-8, attached to Joint App. at Ex. H.
- (u) Mr. Nechla and his family moved to Bosnia after the end of the Bosnian war from Albania, where he had worked for the Red Crescent Society of the United Arab Emirates ("UAE"), an international charitable organization sponsored by the UAE, a U.S. ally. In 1997, his employer relocated Mr. Nechla and his family to Bosnia because war broke out in Albania making it unsafe to stay.
- (u) From 1997 until his arrest in 2001, he continued to work for the Red Crescent Society of the UAE in Bihac, Bosnia. The Red Crescent of the UAE is affiliated with the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies ("ICRC"). The U.S. Government has never determined that the Red Crescent Society of the UAE has any link to al Qaeda or other terrorist organizations. To the contrary, as a member of the ICRC, the Red Crescent Society is part of an internationally respected organization that the United States itself relies upon to monitor the conditions of U.S. prisoners of war.
- (4) Mr. Nechla's job with the Red Crescent Society was to provide aid and assistance to some of the thousands of children orphaned during the Bosnian civil war in the period 1991-1995. He was essentially a social worker in American terms, visiting the orphans at their homes (typically they lived with their surviving mothers or other relatives) to ensure that they had adequate food and clothing and were receiving an education. See Ex. 4 (photographs of Mr. Nechla at work with the orphaned children). He was in charge of the Red Crescent Society's Bihac office in the northwestern most part of Bosnia, near the border of Croatia, and hundreds of kilometers from Sarajevo. Bihac was within driving distance of Budapest, Hungary, where Mr. Nechla sometimes went to buy

 $<sup>(</sup>u)^3$  See background information on the Red Crescent of the UAE attached to Joint App. at Ex. I.



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clothing and food at good prices for his orphans. The Organization of Fallen Soldiers and many of the families whom Mr. Nechla assisted in his work at the Red Crescent Society have signed a statement for the Board's consideration testifying to his good work and character. See Ex. 6 and 7.

- (4) As counsel for Mr. Nechla, we recently interviewed Mr. Nechla's supervisor, the Director at the Red Crescent Society of the UAE, at his office in Sarajevo. The Director confirmed that Mr. Nechla was always a peaceful, law-abiding, and gentle family man, devoted to the hundreds of Bosnian war orphans whom he supervised. The Director has furnished counsel with a certification of Messrs. Boumediene and Nechla's good employment and character. See Statement from Red Crescent Society, Joint App. at Ex. J. Speaking of Mr. Nechla and Mr. Boumediene, the Director notes that the orphan's families "miss them and always ask about them, when they will come, [sic] to complete what they began and to fill the emptiness they left." Id. The Director has said he will eagerly welcome Mssrs. Boumediene and Nechla back to their old jobs should this Board determine they should be released.
- Mr. Nechla has been married for nearly a decade and has two children with his wife, Badra Baouche. Prior to his arrest in Bosnia in 2001, (b)(1)

  Mr. Nechla had no criminal record in Bosnia, Algeria, or anywhere else.
- 1. (4) Mr. Nechla's Friendships Do Not Demonstrate Dangerousness.

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(u) That Mr. Nechla formed friendships while living in Bosnia with three other men who shared in common his Algerian birthplace and who were also generally involved in humanitarian relief work in Bosnia is entirely unremarkable and in no way presents competent evidence of dangerousness. It is, as the Board knows, quite common for expatriot Americans, living in Mexico or Central America, for example, to form

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associations and friendships with each other, and to gravitate to the same areas and communities. This is particularly true of Mr. Nechla's close friendship with Mr. Boumediene, who was not only a fellow Algerian, but a colleague who also worked with him for the UAE Red Crescent in Bosnia and before that also worked for the UAE Red Crescent doing the same general relief work in Albania (1994-1996).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>(U) The CSRT files reflect that both men were married to Algerian women from the same village and that the Boumedienes had introduced Mr. Nechla to his wife, Badra. Both couples left Albania after the outbreak of war there in 1996 in order to work and raise their families in a safer environment. Their employer, the Red Crescent Society of the UAE, relocated them to Bosnia where it established an office to do relief work following the conclusion of the war in Bosnia in late 1995. The Red Crescent Society of the UAE in Sarajevo denounces terrorism and states that both men were exemplary employees of honesty and integrity. See Statement from Red Crescent Society, Joint App. at Ex. J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ( $\mu$ ) Mr. Boumediene has never denied the fact that he provided food and charitable assistance to Mr. Bensayah on a few occasions, and retained a lawyer for him when Mr. Bensayah was arrested in Zenica, Bosnia on October 8, 2001, on the charge that he had falsified his immigration filings. See generally, Boumediene Classified ARB Submission.

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- The orphans told Mr. Nechla that in local dialect the pronunciation of his name, Nechla, sounded like the word for phlegm or stuffed nose. They found this humorous and laughed when he introduced himself. He told them therefore to call him Sherif EdDein, his childhood nick name, which in Arabic means one blessed or honored of religion. The name "Sharfuldin" as it appears in the transcript of Mr. Nechla's statement to the CSRT, and as it appears in various forms ("Sharuldin") in the classified file compiled for the CSRT, is obviously a phonetic spelling used by someone who did not know or understand Arabic well. The actual English spelling of the proper translation, as noted above, is Sherif EdDein. Cf. Encl. (2) to CSRT Decision Report at Exhibit R-5 attached to Joint App. at Ex. H(g) ("Mohammed Nechla, aka Mohammed Sharif Al Din,") which comes close to the correct English translation of Mr. Nechla's childhood nick name but was not noted, understood, or properly taken into account by the CSRT).
- Notably, nowhere in the Classified CSRT file is there any explanation at all for the names Sharfuldin or Sharuldin emphasized by the CSRT in its Classified Summary (neither the Classified Record nor the CSRT are even clear on which name it is that Mr. Nechla allegedly used), just the repeated claim that he is also known by these names and that they are therefore considered an "alias." Once again, changing a descriptive word from "nick name" to "alias" gives the word itself an entirely different characterization, especially when applied to a detainee being held in Guantanamo for alleged terrorist activities.



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#### B. Circumstances of Mr. Nechla's Apprehension.

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ground that the Federation of	ere was insufficien Bosnia and Herzeg	t evidence to detai govina Decision, a	est court in January in them. See Supres ttached to Joint Ap their release could	ne Court of the p. at Ex. B(b). occur, the six we
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despite the order of Bosnia's highest court for their immediate release. (b)(1)

	(U) In June 2004, the Chief Federal Prosecutor for Bosnia and Herzegovina dismissed all charges against Mr. Nechla, and closed his almost three-year investigation into the alleged terrorism activities involving Mr. Nechla and the other five men. See Letter from Bosnian Chief Federal Prosecutor to UNOHCHR Sarajevo, attached to Joint App. at Ex. B(d). Following a successful appeal made to the Human Rights Chamber Court of Bosnia, Mr. Nechla's Bosnian citizenship, stripped at the time of his arrest in 2001, was reinstated. See Bosnian Citizenship Certificate attached as Exhibit 2.
	(U) 1. Newly Disclosed Evidence Sheds Light on Source of U.S. Suspicions
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	<sup>9</sup> (U) The Human Rights Chamber court was created pursuant to the Dayton Peace Accords convened by the United States government to end the terrible war in Bosnia and Herzegovina among Muslims, Serbs and Croats that began in 1991 following the break up of the former Yugoslavia. See To End A War by Richard Holbrooke, former Assistant Secretary of State for European and Canadian Affairs (1994-1996), the chief architect of the Dayton Accords which brought the war in Bosnia to a negotiated end in late 1995.

<sup>10 (</sup>ii) See also Lahmar Classified ARB Submission for a full discussion of this evidentiary development.



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(u) The fact that Messrs. Boumediene, Boudella, Ait Idir and Nechla also repeatedly freely acknowledged — in interrogations and in their CSRT testimony — that they shared a social friendship encouraged interrogators to characterize them as "known associates." But without the centerpiece element, the successful "smear campaign" run by Mr. Lahmar's embittered and self-interested (see below) ex brother-in-law, what is left of the "GIA cell" and the "terrorist conspiracy" of the six, is little more than a handful of married men, gainfully employed in humanitarian aid work, all Algerian ex-patriots living in Bosnia, four of whom often socialized on weekends.

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attorney in Bosnia, counsel recently obtained a copy of a long, rambling handwritten letter that Hamad sent from prison on July 26, 2004 to U.S. Genera (b)(6) ther SFOR Commander in Bosnia. A copy of this letter and an English translation of the letter are attached to the Joint Appendix at Exhibit M.

- (U) The letter by Hamad apparently responds to earlier comments or communications to Hamad which he attributes to General (b)(6) or his aides. The letter begins with a remarkable admission: "I know that you do not trust to what I have publicly stated about Al Qaeda and its engagement in Federation of BiH... I spoke about that with investigators from the FBI on several occasions and we are still in touch." Hamad complains in the letter that General that the honesty of my allegations and accusations," and that General that is "not right when you think that I only lie, that I do not speak truth and that I only try to get myself out of prison by this."
- (b)(6) and SFOR no longer believe his "detailed data" concerning Muslim mujahedin activities in Bosnia from 1992 onward; (2) Hamad has been an informant for the FBI and "domestic and international investigators" in Bosnia for years in a long standing but unsuccessful effort to buy his way out of prison in exchange for all the information he can supply; and (3) he is deeply upset that "the honesty of my allegations that Al Qaeda was connected with many Islamic humanitarian organizations which were engaged in Bosnia during and after the war, under the lead of the High Saudi Committee for Relief"

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is now suspect. Obviously, (b)(6) and SFOR did not find Hamad to be a credible source.	
This letter goes well beyond the information belatedly supplied by email to two members of Mr. Lahmar's CSRT on October 20, 2004. (b)(1)	
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C. (a) Statements Made By Mr. Nechla and Cooperation and Conduct While In <u>Detention</u> .	
As the content of the interrogation memoranda in the classified CSRT record reflects, Mr. Nechla has been cooperative with his interrogators, and has answered, to the best of his ability given his general knowledge, their numerous and repeated inquiries (b)(1)  This cooperation is reflected in his camp status at Guantanamo and the color and type of clothing he is allowed to wear.	
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#### D. (4) Bosnia's Willingness to Repatriate Mr. Nechla

- (u) The Bosnian government has taken a number of steps that demonstrate its unequivocal commitment to repatriating the six men to Bosnia. See generally, Summary of Actions of the Government of Bosnia and Herzegovina Concerning the Return of the Six Detainees Taken From Bosnia and Herzegovina to the U.S. Prison at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, attached to Joint App. at Ex. B.
- (4) Specifically, on April 21, 2004, the Bosnia-Herzegovina Parliament House of Representatives Commission on Human Rights, Refugees, Immigration and Asylum ("Commission") issued a report, in accordance with Article 40 of the Rules of Procedure of the Bosnia-Herzegovina Parliament House of Representatives, requesting that BiH and FBiH authorities
  - (U) [I]nitiate immediately proceedings with the authorities of USA related to return of [Nadja Dizdarevic's] spouse and others in this case detainees [sic] held in the military base, Guantanamo Cuba. 15

Id. at (f), Unofficial Translation of Commission Report.

- The Commission also "order[ed] BiH authorities (the Council of Ministers of BiH) and FBiH authorities (government of FBiH) to completely implement the decision of the HR Chamber number CH/02/8697 and others from 3 September 2002." *Id.* That Court (HR Chamber) concluded—and the Commission accepted its conclusions—that various rights of the six were violated as a result of Bosnia's handover of them to the U.S. Attached to Joint App. at Ex. B(c)
- (4) On November 16, 2004, the Bosnian Council of Ministers adopted the recommendations of the Ministry of Justice with respect to the six detainees, including Recommendation 9, which stated it is necessary to begin negotiations with the United States government for their repatriation. On January 31, 2005, Slobodan Kovac, the Bosnian Minister of Justice confirmed in a statement that Messrs. Boudella, Nechla, Boumediene, and Ait Idir are all citizens of Bosnia, have not been convicted by the court in Bosnia, and are not subject to any on-going criminal proceedings. See Statement by Bosnian Minister of Justice, attached to Joint App. at Ex. B(h). Mr. Kovac stated unequivocally, "Ministry of Justice of BiH is interested in getting these individuals back in BiH..." Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> (U) Nadja Dizdarevic is married to Mr. Boudella, and she submitted an application to the Commission on February 26, 2004, to initiate proceedings to repatriate all six of the men to Bosnia.



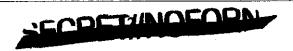
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- (4) If Mr. Nechla was the dangerous terrorist he is accused of being, why would the Bosnian government have fully restored his citizenship and initiated proceedings to secure his safe return to Bosnia? <sup>16</sup>
- (a) Whatever the terrorist threat level was thought to have been in 2001, last week NATO reported that currently the possibility of a terrorist threat in Bosnia is very low. See NATO: Possibility of Terrorist Threat in BiH Very Low, Fena (March 22, 2005) attached to Joint App. at Ex. P.
- E. (u) Mr. Nechla Never Took Up Arms Against the United States and There Is No Basis In the Record to Conclude That He Would In the Future Do So.
- 1.(U) Mr. Ait Idir's and Mr. Boudella's CSRTs Recognized the Absence of Evidence Purporting to Show that the Six Were involved in a Plot to Bomb the U.S. Embassy.
  - a. (u) Finding of Ait Idir Tribunal.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> (U) On March 30, 2005, the House of Representatives of the Parliament of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina (a regional government body in Sarajevo) declared to the Bosnian Prime Minister that the Bosnian government should actively seek the release of the six men from Guantanamo. See Declaration attached to Joint App. at Ex. Q.

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	b. $(a)$ Finding of Boudella Tribunal.		
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- (u) This Board should take note of the complete absence of credible evidence showing that the six were involved in any alleged plot to bomb the U.S. Embassy in Bosnia, and the well-reasoned conclusions of two CSRTs calling into question the existence of any plot involving the six.
- 2.( $^{u}$ ) There is No Basis in the Record to Support the Assertion that Mr. Nechla is a Member of the Armed Islamic Group ("GIA").

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- (u) Additionally, the United States Department of State has confirmed that the GIA "began its violent activities in 1992 after Algiers voided the victory of Islamic Salvation Front (FIS)—the largest Islamic opposition party—in the first round of legislative Elections in December 1991." Patterns of Global Terrorism, 2003 (U.S. Department of State, June 2004). (emphasis added). Mr. Nechla was not present in Algeria after 1990, however, and could not have been involved with GIA, which carried out its activities against targets in Algeria.
- (4) There is no evidentiary basis in the record to support the assertion that Mr. Nechla is now, or ever has been, a member of GIA. Notably, the Terrorist Organization Reference Guide (U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security January 2004), Encl. (2) to Lahmar CSRT Decision Report at Exhibit R-3 (but not included in the record considered by Mr. Nechla's CSRT panel) describes the GIA as follows:

<u>Description</u>: An Islamic extremist group, the GIA aims to overthrow the secular Algerian regime and replace it with an Islamic state.

<u>Activities</u>: Frequent attacks against civilians and government workers [in Algeria].

Strength: than 100.

Precise Numbers Unknown, probably fewer

Location/Area of Operation: Algeria.

(Emphasis supplied), attached to Joint App. at Ex. E(e). This official U.S. government information hardly supports a serious contention that Mr. Nechla—or the others—could plausibly be considered to be active GIA terrorists fixed on bombing the U.S. and British embassies in *Bosnia* in 2001. Rather, the *Guide* actually undermines that contention. However, it is easy to see why an embittered ex-brother-in-law wanting to smear the Algerian Mr. Lahmar, see footnote 6, would have considered it useful to tell American intelligence that Mr. Lahmar was the leader of a GIA cell in Bosnia, and to supply a list of purported Algerian GIA members "operating" in Bosnia.

- (u) Mr. Nechla is not a member of GIA, and does not pose any threat to the U.S. or its allies that such a member might pose.
- 3. (U) There is No Basis in the Record to Support the Assertion that Mr. Nechla is a Former Mujahedin Member.

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Similarly, there is no basis in the record to support the assertion that Mr. Nechla is a former mujahedin fighter. There is no record in his CSRT that he ever had weapons or military training. There is no record in that file that, during the extensive search of his home and office at the time of his October 2001 arrest, any weapons, bombs, plans, sketches, bomb-making materials or other indicia of bomb making were found in his possession or control, or in the possession or control of any of the other five men we represent.

(b)(1)			

18 (4) After the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, the U.S. provided ever-increasing support to the mujahedin: "The Carter administration allocated \$30 million in 1980 and about \$50 million in 1981. Under the Regan administration this amount increased to \$120 million by fiscal 1984 . . . In the fall of 1984 Congress took the initiative of nearly tripling the administration's 1985 request to \$250 million. ... In April 1985, President Reagan signed National Security Directive 166, which authorized a new policy, consistent with the Reagan Doctrine, of driving the Soviets from Afghanistan 'by all means available.' The U.S. budget for aid to the mujahedin, reportedly still matched by Saudi contributions, climbed to \$470 million in 1986 and \$630 million in 1987. Starting in September 1986, the United States supplied shoulder-held, laser-guided Stinger antiaircraft missiles to the mujahedin, the first time this ultrasophisticated weapon had been distributed outside of NATO. Cross-border assistance programs provided civilians living in areas controlled by mujahedin with food, cash for food, and support for health care, educational, and agricultural programs. . . . during 1986-1990, USAID spent \$60.0 million on health, \$30.2 million on education, and \$60 million on agriculture. Additional USAID money financed engineering projects, training programs in various fields, and medical care in the United States for the wounded, road building, demining, and direct food supplies." Id. at 180-81. The U.S. also facilitated other countries' support of its allies, the mujahidin: "The Chinese contributed to the effort mainly by selling soviet-style weapons to the CIA for transfer to the [Pakistani] ISI and then to the mujahidin. In addition to the CIA and the ISI, the Saudi General Intelligence Agency, ... helped to manage the immense flow of money and arms. The Afghan operation became the single largest program of each of these agencies. . . . The arms pipeline consisted of three parts, controlled by the CIA, the ISI, and the resistance parties. The CIA, using Saudi and American funds, bought weapons from China, Egypt, Israel, and elsewhere." Id. at 197.

<sup>19</sup> (U) In the summer of 1995, at the urging of the United States, NATO initiated an air bombing campaign in Bosnia on the heels of a bloody massacre by the Serbs of thousands of Muslim men and boys in Srebrenica. As this Board knows, that massacre, and many similar atrocities that took place during the Bosnian conflict, is the subject of on-going prosecutions in The Hague by the International Tribunal for War Crimes in the former Yugoslavia.



CLASSIFIED Annual Review Board ("ARB" or "Board") Submission on behalf of Mohamed Nechla by his Attorneys Stephen H. Oleskey, Robert C. Kirsch, Douglas Curtis and Melissa A. Hoffer Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP Boston, MA 02109

(b)(1)		

#### F.(U) Mr. Nechla Has No Intelligence Value.

(U) The classified CSRT record shows that the principal reason Mr. Nechla has been detained in Guantanamo for over three years has been in an attempt to gain further understanding of the workings of certain Islamic charities in Bosnia, particularly the UAE Red Crescent which employed him There is almost no mention of the purported U.S. Embassy bombing plot in any of the classified summaries of his interrogations. Rather, the interrogators' questions focus on Muslim charities.

During his CSRT, Mr. Nechla stated that he was told by an interrogator	, "forget
about the fact that you were here because of the American Embassy or because	you're
from Al Qaida or because you are a terrorist You came here to give us infor	mation
about relief and rescue operations in Rosnia " See Engl (3) 2 of 15 attached to	o Joint
App. at Ex. H(jj). <sup>20</sup> (b)(1)	
(b)(1)	

Aside from the fact that detention for purposes of interrogation and intelligence gathering is unlawful, see Hamdi v. Rumsfeld, 542 U.S. \_\_, slip op. at 13 (2004), for Board purposes this record of his interrogation in fact shows that Mr. Nechla poses no risk. As noted earlier, the UAE Red Crescent has not been listed by the US government as a terrorist organization; it is sponsored by the UAE government, a US ally, and there is nothing in the classified CSRT file that indicates it undertook terrorist sponsorship or otherwise supports terrorism. Notably, Mr. Nechla was never interrogated about his participation in any activity that actually has resulted in harm to the United States or its allies, and the CSRT record also that reflects no evidence was ever uncovered of any actual plan to undertake such activity.

(U) Importantly, the record does reflect that Mr. Nechla has been cooperative and answered, to the extent possible, the numerous and repeated questions, directed to him by interrogators under extremely difficult conditions, (b)(1) none of which appears from the record to be of particular value and most of which appears to have already been known to the government by other sources, some of which are publicly available. He consistently has provided the same answers. There is no additional information to be gleaned from interrogating Mr. Nechla in year four that was not already provided by him during his over three years at Guantanamo. The harm to Mr.

(b)(1)		 
(0)(1)		
1		

# SECRET#NOFORM

March 31, 2005
CLASSIFIED Annual Review Board ("ARB" or "Board") Submission on behalf of Mohamed Nechla
by his Attorneys Stephen H. Oleskey, Robert C. Kirsch, Douglas Curtis and Melissa A. Hoffer
Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP Boston, MA 02109

Nechla, however, from continued indefinite detention at Guantanamo, will be considerable.

#### G.(4) Mr. Nechla's Health

- (4) Since entering detention, Mr. Nechla's physical and mental health has deteriorated. Counsel have met with Mr. Nechla in December 2004 and in February 2005 and observed his physical and mental condition. This previously physically vigorous man, as can be seen in attached photographs, is now a shadow of his former self. See photographs attached as Exhibit 4. Moreover, while he has kept his gentle, kind spirit, he is often despondent.
- Due to insufficient time, counsel were unable to survey Mr. Nechla using a questionnaire prepared by forensic psychiatrist, Dr. Daryl B. Matthews, which was used with our five other clients. See Sample Proxy Psychiatric Exam and Mental Status Examination, attached to Joint App. at Ex. L. The Board should draw no negative inference from this fact counsel simply ran out of time in our February 2004 interview with Mr. Nechla.

# II.(") THE CLASSIFIED CSRT SUMMARY HAS ERRORS THIS BOARD SHOULD NOTE.

### A. ( u ) Errors in Findings and In Exhibits Relied Upon by CSRT

We are reluctant to spend too much time pointing out inconsistencies in the CSRT record. That is not the issue before this Board. Nevertheless, pointing out some of the errors (and we have not identified here all that we found) will help this Board avoid similar errors, as well as to put in context certain comments and observations made by the CSRT. Our review of these errors also should assist this Board in better understanding the facts in the record before it. The letter designations below correspond to those found on Encl. (2), Classified Summary of Basis for Tribunal Decision, attached to Joint App. at Ex. H.

(SilNF	(b)(1)		
(S HNF)			



### SEORET/NOFORIN

March 31, 2005

CLASSIFIED Annual Review Board ("ARB" or "Board") Submission on behalf of Mohamed Nechla by his Attorneys Stephen H. Oleskey, Robert C. Kirsch, Douglas Curtis and Melissa A. Hoffer Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP Boston, MA 02109

(SILVE)	(b)(1)
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Obvious and glaring errors like these call into serious question the integrity of the information relied upon by the CSRT for purposes of its enemy combatant determination.

### B. (ii) CSRT Errors Concerning Availability of Evidence.

- (ii) Mr. Nechla requested that his former supervisor at the Red Crescent in Sarajevo, Mr. Mahmoud Yousef Said, appear as a witness in Mr. Nechla's CSRT. The Tribunal President determined that Mr. Said was "not reasonably available," because the Department of State "could not locate the witness in Bosnia or in any other location based on the limited information and identifiers provided by the Detainee to locate the witness." See Unclassified Summary of Basis for Tribunal Decision, Enclosure (1) at p. 2 of 5, attached to Joint App. at Ex. H(a). Knowing only the same information provided by Mr. Nechla to the CSRT—Mr. Said's name and the place of his employment—counsel for Mr. Nechla easily were able to locate Mr. Said by calling him on a telephone at his office at the Red Crescent Society offices in Sarajevo. Mr. Said agreed to meet with counsel in Bosnia, and provided the statement attached to the Joint Appendix as Exhibit I.
- (U) There is no credible basis to believe that Mr. Said was not reasonably available to participate as a witness in Mr. Nechla's CSRT. If he had been called, it is highly likely that his testimony would have been entirely consistent with the personal statement he has now furnished counsel for us in this proceeding (Joint Appendix at Exhibit J).



March 31, 2005

CLASSIFIED Annual Review Board ("ARB" or "Board") Submission on behalf of Mohamed Nechla by his Attorneys Stephen H. Oleskey, Robert C. Kirsch, Douglas Curtis and Melissa A. Hoffer Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP Boston, MA 02109

#### III. (4) CONCLUSION.

- (*u*) Nothing in the record provided to us, as counsel for Mr. Nechla, is sufficient to support a conclusion that he currently poses, or ever posed, any threat to the United States or its allies. Instead, the factors this Board must consider, with the CSRT record, show that Mr. Nechla presents no security risk to the United States or its allies, and has no intelligence value. He should be released and returned to his home and family in Bosnia.
- (u) Mr. Nechla and the other five Bosnians have been exonerated by the Bosnian Supreme Court and Federal Prosecutor of the very allegations that formed the basis for their detention. We know of no other similarly situated detainees at Guantanamo. There is every reason to believe that Mr. Nechla was unfortunately and mistakenly swept up in the confusion and obvious concern for U.S. security following the terrible events of September 11, 2001. Mr. Nechla has devoted his adult life to assisting others in need. He is eager to return to his family. The Board now has the opportunity, and the obligation, to review the facts independently, and should recommend his unconditional release to Bosnia.

Should the Board require any further information, please contact one of us.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephen H. Cleshey fos Stephen H. Oleskey, Esq.

Robert C. Kirsch, Esq.

Douglas Curtis, Esq.

Melissa A. Hoffer, Esq.
Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP

60 State Street

Boston, MA 02109

(617) 526-6000

# Mohamed Nechla Exhibits to ARB Submission

- 1. Algerian Citizenship Certificate
- 2. Bosnian Citizenship Certificate
- 3. Photograph of Mr. Nechla
- 4. Photographs of Mr. Nechla working with orphaned children in Bosnia
- 5. Petition from Organization of Fallen Soldiers in Buzim, Bosnia
- 6. Petition from Organization of Fallen Soldiers in Velika Kladusa, Bosnia
- 7. Petition of Trustees of Fifty Orphans Helped by Mr. Nechla



# UNCLASSIFIED Nechla Exhibit 1

Ambasciaia

bella Repubblica Algerina

Pemocratica e Vopolare

Boma

### **UNCLASSIFIED**

سفارة الجمهورية الجزائرية الديتراطية التسبيسة رو ها

Nº 13/05 A .C

# ATTE STATION DE NATIONALITE

L'Ambassade de la République Algérienne Démocratique et Populaire à Rome atteste par la présente que :

Nom

: NECHLA

Prénom

: Mehamed

Né le

: 02/04/1968 à: Lachouat

Fils de

Abdelkader

et de : DAHKANE Keltoum

Titulaire du passeport n° 3914224 délivré par Laghouat -Algerie le

14/10/1990 valable au 13/10/1995.

Est de nationalité Algéricane

La présente attestation est délivrée pour servir et valoir ce que de droit.

Rome, le 13 janvier 2005



# Nechla Exhibit 2

#### BOSNAIHERCEGOVINA FEDERACIA ROCHE I HERCEGOVINE ZENIČKO-DOBOJEKI KANTON Opišnja ZENICA

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Dane : .22.02.2005	:	
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02.04.1988		
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	4.61	AURTHONIC (STA)

# Nechla Exhibit 3



Mohamed Nechla

# Nechla Exhibit 4



Mohamed Nechla (upper right corner with arms crossed in yellow shirt) working with children in Bosnia through the Red Crescent Society of the UAE



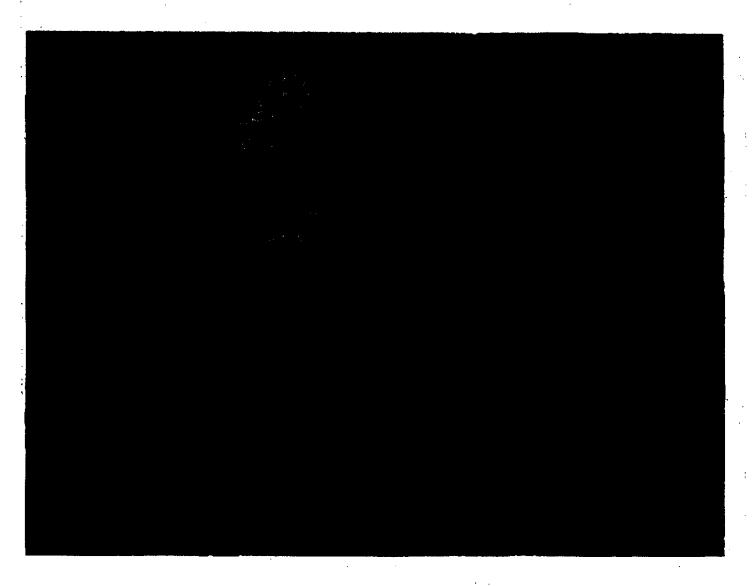
Mohamed Nechla (standing with white hat) working with children



Mohamed Nechla



Mohamed Nechla (in necktie) working with Bosnian children



Mohamed Nechla (on the right) delivering supplies to children



Mohamed Nechla working with children in Bosnia

Mohamed Nechla





Mohamed Nechla (upper right corner with goatee in yellow shirt) working with children in Boania through the Red Crescent Society of the UAE



Mohamed Nechla (center in tan suit)



Mohamed Nechla (center in athletic :lothes) delivering supplies to Bosnian children



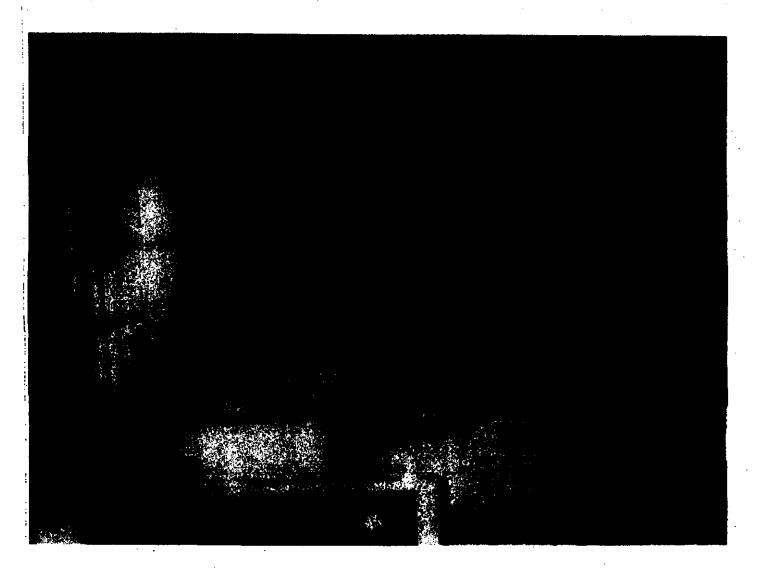
Mohamed Nechla with children he assisted while working for the Red Crescent Society of the UAE.



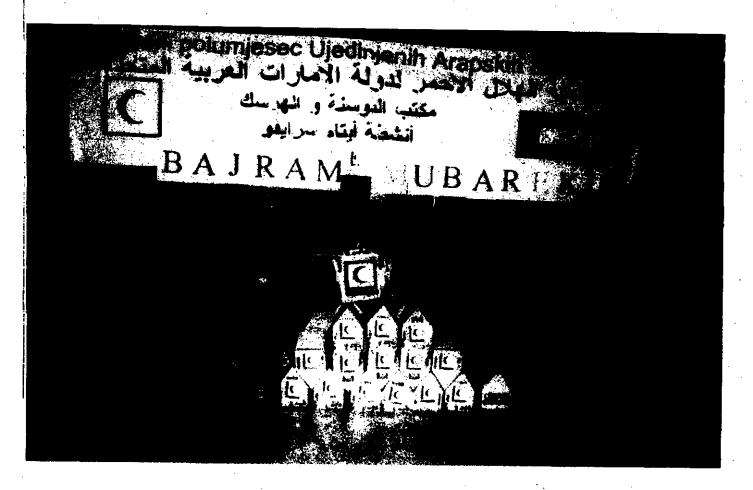
Mohamed Nechla



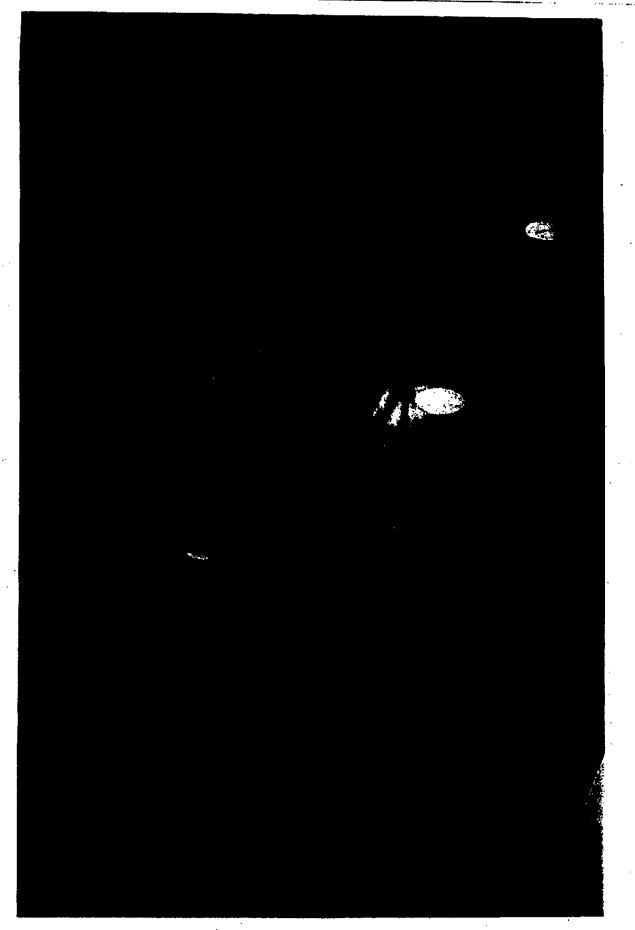
Mohamed Nechla (on the right w/sunglasses on top of his head)



A computer program for Bosnian children through the Red Crescent Society of the UAE



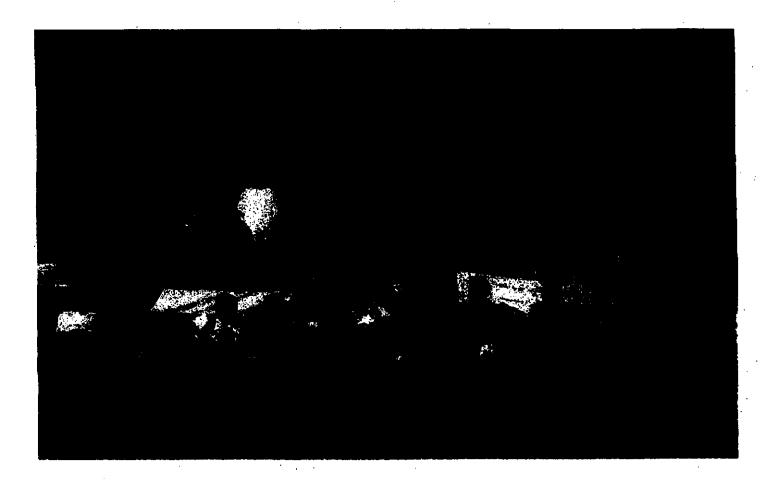
A program for Bosnian children through the Red Crescent Society of the UAE





A program for Bosnian children through the Red Crescent Society of the UAE

#### UNCLASSINED



A program for Bosnian children through the Red Crescent Society of the UAE

# Nechla Exhibit 5



Bosnia and Herzegovina

Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina

Una-Sana Canton

**Municipality Buzim** 

Organization of families of fallen soldiers in municipality Buzim

Number: 07-81-05

Buzim, 25 February 2005

Subject: Statement

#### Respected,

On behalf of the organization of the families of fallen soldiers of municipality Buzim I write this to confirm that Mohamed Nechle from Algeria has worked for the Red Crescent Society from United Arab Emirates' office in period from 1 April 1997 until 21 October 2001.

Mr. Mohamed Nechle was in that period helping and working for our organization, trying to help the children who lost their parents during the war. He has organized several excursions for kids and provided them with clothing and other goods. All his work was focused at orphans.

During our cooperation he has never forced or in any other way mentioned terrorism, which we deeply despise and condemn. During our cooperation we had no objections regarding his work. Had there been any reasons for that we would have immediately ceased any cooperation with him.

Our organization despises any form of terrorism and condemns all those who help terrorists; we support all legal domestic and international efforts in fight against terrorism and other forms of criminal.

President of municipal organization

Signature and seal of the organization of fallen soldiers of municipality Buzim



BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA FEDERACIJA BOSNE IHERCEGOVINE UNSKO SANSKI KANTON OPCINA BUZIM

ORGANIZACIJA PORODICA SEHIDA I POGINULIH BORACA OPCINE BUZIM

Broj: <u>04 - 14</u>05 Buzim: <u>25-02</u>05.

PREDMET: I ZJAVA

Postovani!

Obracamo se u ime organizacije porodica sehida I poginulih boraca opcine Buzim, sa pismenim dopisom sto potvrdjujemo da je MOHAMED NECHLE iz Alzira radio u peridu od 01.04.1997.god.do 21.10.2001.god.za RED CERSCENT SOCIETY FOR U.A.E.

Gos. Mohamed Nechle u navedenom periodu pomagao I radio za nasu Organizaciju, gdje je zelio da pomogne nasoj djeci koja su izgubila svoje roditelje u ratu. Organizaci je vise izleta novcani sredstava, a vise puta je vrsio I podjelu odjece I drugi artikala, sto je sve bilo namjenjeno za jetime.

Stoga navodimo da imenovani nije u toku nase saradnje nije nikog primoravo ili na bilo koji nacin spominjao terorizam sto I mi to duboko preziremo I osudjujemo. Takodjer u toku nase saradnje sa imenovanim nismo imali nikakve primjedbe na rad sa nasom organizacijom jer protiv toga suo da bi prekimli svaki vid saradnje.

Nasa organizacija prezire svaki oblik teorizma,te osudjuje sve one koji pomazu teoristima.te dajemo podrsku svim legalnim domacim i medjunarodnim institucijama koje se bore protiv terorizma i svim ostalim vrstama kriminala.

U prilogu vam dostavljamo nekoliko potpisa roditelja cijij djeci gos.MOHAMED NCHLE pomagao I svim srcem imao je zelju da I dalje pomaze.

Dostavljeno: 1.Naslovu, 2.a/a.



# UNCLASSIFIED Nechla Exhibit 6

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina

**Una-Sana Canton** 

Municipality Velika Kladusa

Organization of families of fallen soldiers in municipality Velika Kladusa

Number: 05-02/05

25 February 2005

Subject: Statement

#### Respected,

On behalf of the organization of the families of fallen soldiers of municipality Velika Kladusa I write this to confirm that Mohamed Nechle from Algeria has worked for the Red Crescent Society from United Arab Emirates' office in period from 1 April 1997 until 21 October 2001.

Mr. Mohamed Nechle was in that period helping our organization, particularly by helping children who have lost one or both parents during the war. He has organized several trips and picnics for them and helped them with money donations and by providing other goods for them.

During our cooperation we have never noticed or been alerted to by our members of family members of the orphans that Mohamed Nechle supports, promotes or in any other way mentions terrorism, which we deeply despise and condemn. Also, during that time we had no objections regarding the work of Mr. Mohamed Nechle. Had there been any reasons for that, we would have immediately ceased any cooperation with him.

Our organization despises any form of terrorism and condemns all those who help terrorists; we support all legal domestic and international efforts in fight against terrorism and other forms of criminal.

In attachment here is several signatures of parents of kids to whom Mr. Mohamed Nechle has helped.

- 1. Lakic Rasima
- Okic Razija
- Tabakovic Seada
- 4. Topalovic Mine
- 5. Omeragic Refika

President of municipal organization

Signature and seal of the organization of fallen soldiers of municipality Valika Kladusa.



#### FIFD BOSNA I HERCEGOVINA UNSKO-SANSKI KANTON ORGANIZACIJA PORODICA ŠEHIDA I POGINULIH BORACA VELIKA KLADUŠA

Broj: 5-01/05 Datum: 15.01. 2005 gad

#### PREDMET: LZJA V A

#### Postovani!

Obraćamo Vam se sa dopisom u kojom vam potvrđujemo da je MOHAMED NECHLE iz Alzira radio u periodu od 01.04.1997god. do 21.10.2001god. za RED CERSCENT SOCIETY FOR U.A.E.

gos. Muhamed Nechle je u tom periodu pomagao našu Organizaciju, prvenstveno je pažnju usmjerio na djecu koja su u ratu izgubila jednog ili oba roditelja. Organizovao je nekoliko programanja-izleta za djecu te je noveanim sredstvima, te drugim stvarima nastojao da pomogne

U toku naše saradnje nismo primjetili, niti smo bili obavješteni od naših članova t.j djece i aparovih roditelja da gosp. Muhamed Nechle potječe, promovira, ili na bilo koji drugi način spominje terorizam kojeg mi duhoko preziremo i esudujemo. Također u tom periodu nismo imali nikakvih primjedbi na rad gosp. Muhameda Nochle jer bih u protivnom prekinuli svaki

Naša Organizacija prezire svaki oblik terorizma, te osuđuje sve one koji pomažu teroristima te aajemo podršku svim legalnim domaćim i međunarodnim institucijama koji se bore protiv teorizma i svih ostali vrsta kriminala.

U prilog vam dostavijamo nekotiko potpisa roditelja čijoj je djeci gosp.MUHAMED NECHLE pomogao.

1. LAKIC' RASINA 04CPB5982

2 Déic PAZija 04GPC 1324 2 Tahaković Jacoda togerssu45 4 Topalović Mine of CPA 8956

5 CHEERGIE DEFINA 040 PA 2664

Destavljeno i Naslovu

Zau

# Nechla Exhibit 7

Wilmer Cutier Pickering

Hale and Dorr

Stephen H. Oleskey

**60 State Street** 

Boston, MA 02109

#### **PETITION**

Under full moral and criminal responsibility I state here that I have personally known Mohamed Nechle, and that he has performed the duties of the head of department for orphans, for the period from 16 July 1997 until 21 October 2001. He has performed his work conscientiously, responsibly, morally and honestly, trying with his work to help our children and us. We could have always asked for help from him and he was always responsive to such calls.

Number	Pull name and surname	BiH Identification Card Number	Signature
1.	Derviša Dervišević	04CLB9765	
2.	Hasija Begić	04CLB9762	
3.	Nurka Begić	03CLA2115	
4.	Kado Mušić	04CLD9792	
5.	Džehva Lipovača	04CLD5058	
6.	Asima Mizić	04CCD1395	
7.	Edina Kulenović	04CLB4954	
8.	Fikreta Dizdarević	04CLB9714	
9.	Fate Kasić	04CLD3570	
10.	Elvira Mahmutović	5226/98	
11.	Indira Jusić	04CLC6039	
12.	Enisa Mujadžić	04CLD0181	
13.	Fadila Jušić	04CLC7852	
14.	Dika Lonić	04CLC7249	
15.	Refika Veladžić	04CLD8776	
16.	Fatima Baručić	04CLD0664	

17.	Emina Jusić	04QBB2428
18.	Enisa Duraković	04CDL0642
19.	Nisveta Abdijanović	04CLD4337
20.	Dijana Kurtović	988/01
21.	Senada Zukić	4043/96
22.	Vera Rekanović	04CLC2164
23.	Suada Mujarić	04CLC2708
24.	Emira Vojniković	04CLC1170
25.	Rasema Majstorović	04CLC1172
26.	Jasminka Alagić	8126/96
27.	Sabiha Fajković	04CLD1322
28.	Ismeta Kolaković	04CLB9499
29.	Azra Čavkić	03CLB9515
30.	Jasminka Berhrem	04CLC2654
31,	Semira Ibritimović	04CLC7777
32.	Edina Hasanagić	03CLB3840
33.	Senada Bećirević	04CLB8377
34.	Rasima Huskić	04CLC0100
35.	Jasminka Midžić	04CLC7808
36.	Zlata Hafizović	04CLD9016
37.	Mersiha Dizdarević	04CLD2871
38.	Bekira Belić	04CLD3446
39.	Jasminka Salihagić	03CLB0529
40.	Rabija Šehić	03CLA7130
41.	Zemira Zulić	03CLA4897
42.	Sena Mujanović	03CLA4898
43.	Amra Korilić	04CLB5343
44.	Safija Toroman	04CLC9744
45.	Ismeta Sević	04CLB8821



46.	Emina Čaušević	04CLC1140
47.	Samira Demirović	03CLB3612
48.	Safeta Pažić	04CLD8576
49.	Katka Žerić	04CLC8297
50.	Indira Totić	04CLC9336

This petition has been signed by trustees of orphans who have been receiving help from organization Red Crescent from United Arab Emirates, office in BiH.



WILMER CUTILER PICKERING HALE AND DORR

Stephen H.Oleskey 80StateStreet Boston,MA02109

22648

#### PETICIJA

Pod punom moralnom i krivicnom odgovornoscu izjavljujem da mi je licno poznat MOHAMED NECHILE da je dugi niz godina od 16/07/1997 do 21/10/2001 obsvijao duznost sefa odjela za jetime. Svoj posso je obsvijao savjesno "odgovorno, moralno i iskreno pomazuci svojim radom nama i nasoj djeci. Njemu smo se mogli uvjek obratiti za pomoc i svaki put bi naleli na razumjevanje.

r.b.	Prezime i ime	br.l.k.	potpis
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17	Twic Eur	0901532421	Misic
1	Duration ( lepise	040320642	VNGULY
15	ABNIJAMONIC WISVETA	040104337	A. Nisteta
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2	MUJORIC SUADA	040202303	Suarda Mujaric
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2	ALABIC. JASHINKA	3126/96	HUNT James
2	FAJKOVIC SABIHE	040131322	Any Kovil Salaha
2	KOLDKOVIĆ ISMETA	040159499	KOLAKOVIC ISHSTA

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50 TOTIC INDIRA	040109336	Julio Janding

Peticiju potpisali staratelji jetima koji primaju pomoć kod — *peganizacije RED CRESCENT* FOR U.A.E. ured u 8iH.



In the beginning, I thank the members of this esteemed board, headed by the esteemed presiding board officer, for giving me the opportunity to express my opinion, and if this indicates anything, it is an indication of some form of justice and freedom that you live by, in your country, and also that we, as Arabs, benefited from, and that provides others to express their opinions with absolute freedom. I would also like to wish the members of the board success and prosperity in their work.

#### Thereafter:

As you know, I spoke at the first board about everything in regards to the allegations that were presented, and I have defended myself as much as I possibly could, with the testimonies of four witnesses. Also, my lawyer whom I have appointed presented a document to the members of the esteemed court, which pertained to my case, which states that I am an employee and bear the responsibility of my wife and my children and I do not pose a threat to anybody. I hope that this document ended up in your procession.

Nevertheless, I want, through this statement, to familiarize you with my life, and based upon my statement, I want for you to evaluate my case and my situation: Am I a bad person or not? Do I pose a threat or not?

#### So I say:

My name is Nechle Mohammad, I was born in Algeria, and my birth date is April 2<sup>nd</sup>, 1968. I am married to a kind hearted woman who loves me and whom I love. I am a father to two children who are just like two roses. I have not seen them for four years. I have missed them badly, as every father would miss his children.

As you know I departed Algeria, headed to Pakistan, in the year 1990 A.D, to seek work with charity organizations because the economic circumstances in Algeria were very bad. I also wanted to support my family, and my father, who was ill. I worked at the (ALTA'MIR) organization in Pakistan at the office of administration. After that I traveled to The Philippines to work as a teacher for the Arabic language. After that I headed to Albania and worked at the Bin Hamoodah Center, which is affiliated with the United Arab Emirates Red Crescent Agency, and then I was transferred from the Albania office to the Bosnia and Herzegovina office to work with orphans. My duty was entirely charitable, to help people and educate them to do good deeds.

I also worked at the Bosnia and Herzegovina office in the city of Bihac as a supervisor and a caretaker of orphans for five years. As you also know, Bosnia and Herzegovina were in a constant war that lasted for five years, innocents were killed from both sides, and after that, the Europeans and the Americans got involved in solving this predicament which resulted in the loss of thousands of souls, so the famous (Dayton) agreement was convened, which stopped the war and which the Americans had a big role in executing. Then, after the war ended, as you know, it resulted in thousands of orphans and widows, so the international organizations and charities started to provide the necessary aid for

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those people, among these organizations there was the United Emirates Red Crescent organization, which provided a helping hand to those in need.

I was transferred from the Albania office that I used to work in to Bosnia in the year 1997 A.D, in the month of April, and that was three years after the end of the war. This transfer was conducted with the approval of the main office in the United Arab Emirates. As you also know, the Emirates are allied with America, and the Red Crescent is a governmental organizations affiliated with the Emirates.

I started my work with the orphans, and I used to provide them with compassion and I loved them very much. I tried to compensate them with the compassion of the father and mother. I would wipe their tears, visit their homes to deliver clothes for Eid (holiday), I would give them school bags so they could go to school and provide them with mattresses along with the warm blankets, I would give them the food and drinks and all what they needed. My only concern was to bestow happiness upon them and their mother's hearts.

I have been raised and disciplined to have good manners and good behavior. I lived in Bosnia as a respected citizen, respected in my words and respected in my appearance. I spent most of my time taking care of my own family and then taking care of those orphans whose number amounts to about 500 hundred orphans, their ages between 3 years and 12 years of age, among them Muslims and Christians, and thinking how I could bring happiness into their lives.

I lived in Bosnia and Herzegovina for 5 years continuously and the American forces lived in Bosnia as well, as did other forces from several nations. These forces had never been exposed to any assault or inconvenience from anybody and never will be. At the Red Crescent, we used to coordinate with some of these forces in distributing some aid among the needy orphans to several distant places. Our relationship with them was a good one, because these forces had come to spread peace in Bosnia, and yet if these forces leave the country it will be exposed to a second war.

So I swear to you that I am a person who does not pose a threat to you or to your allies, not even in the future, because I do not hold hatred towards anybody at all. I have raised my children to love people and wish them the best. I swear to you that I am not a terrorist for how could terrorism gather in a heart that sympathized with orphans.

Should you want a testimony, ask about me those orphans that I loved severely. Ask them one by one and tell them, what do you know about this person who used to guide you and take care of you?

Should you want a second testimony, ask about me the people of the city of Bihac. Tell them, what do you know about this person who used to live among you?

Should you want a third testimony, request a certificate of good conduct and reputation from our headquarters in Abu Dhabi, who hired me and knew me very well.

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Should you want a fourth testimony, ask about me the investigators, for I have been honest and cooperative with them for the last 3 years.

Should you want a fifth testimony, ask about me the soldiers and the superiors in Guantanamo prison, about how my manners were in dealing with them for the past 4 years.

Should you want a sixth testimony, this white gown that I am wearing, if I was bad, I would not be qualified to wear it.

Should you want a seventh testimony, ask about me the Bosnian government. The Bosnian parliament voted in its vast majority for negotiating with the Americans to retrieve us to Bosnia to live there as a good citizens.

Finally, I implore your esteemed board, which is headed by the court president, to perceive my case with a heart filled with freedom and justice. My conscience is clear, because I am innocent of any accusation presented against me and I am a person who takes responsibility for my family, because if I left this place my only concern would be bread on the table for my wife and children, because I lost my job when I came to this place.

I am a person who would like to live freely and help the needy and the orphans because that is my mission in life, and I swear to you one more time that I do not pose a threat to anybody at all. Thank you.

Mohammad Al Nechle

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البداية أخذكر أعضاء المحكمة للموقرة وعلى رأيسهم رئيس المحكمة
محترًا على أن مناحو للي الغرمة للنفير عن رأدي، وصا إن ذك
معكم عن المعالمة المراكة والمرية التي تعيينونها في تبلدكم والت
الى شمن فانها يدل عالى العداله وعرف المن منسو
الله الله العرب دالت تعلى الرامي الدكن النعيس عن رأيه
على خرية كما أنتمن لأعضاء المحكمة العاج والمؤذين في أعمالهم
مايعه: وكما تعلمون أنن تكلمت في المحكث الدول من كل عثمي والنقم المت وكما تعلمون أنن تكلمت في المحكث الدول من كل عثمي والنقم المت
و كا تعامل المعالم المعالم المعالم و مستحينًا مأريعة المعاين و مستحينًا مأريعة
المالية ور دوون عن دوس المالية ويه المعالقة والمالية المالية ا
ن الله عود . وقد قام المعامى الذى وكلنه بنقديم بيان لا مفاء
المستكنة المعندية بما يدِّعي قضين، والمزعجية ل فيه أذن شخف
موظف وأنتمل موولية روحت وأولادى ولا أسُلُ خطر الله
أحد، وأتن أذ يكون قد ومل المكم هذا الميان ، الدائن أدب
احد، واحمى اى لو دو و مراسم م
من خلال هذا المتقرير المتروف عن حياني وسنخلاله ذووتون و هفر
وعَالَىٰ هَلَ أَنَا إِنْسَانَ سَنُ أَمْ لَا ؟ وهَلَ أَسْلُ حَلَقًا أُمْ لَ ؟
Detainee's Signature Date
Detainee's Signature Date

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المسمى دنشله محمد من موالم الذائر متاريخ في أفريل ١٩٥٥٠
المسمى ونشاله المحمد من المسلم
أنامتزوج عامرات طيبة الفلا تجف وأجنعا وأخا أف لولائن حلل
الوردنين لم أرَّقُم هذ أربع مسوات عقد إشتقت اليهم كليور
ماراته لدن أذا عادرت للذائر منحها الحد بالصعان هنه ١٩٥٥
" I all of the distance of the distance of the line is all
للى الذي كانت مسئة حبّار و كذات أردن أن أمناعة عائلة
ووالدى الذى كان حريضًا وعملت بمينية النقيم في المستان
وولال المحافظ والمحادث المالية
علادات الناصه مالكت و معر هذا متاخرت إلى القلب اللهل
كَلْمُنَ وَ لِلذِي العِرْمِيةُ و بِي هَذِ النَّهِ مِنْ الْخُونِ الْخُرِينَ الْحُلْمَ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْمُنْ الْمُ
<u>र आगे देसरे का कार का मांडिक कि । किस्र किर</u>
The first of the first of the first
والهدك للعدم الحرفياع وكان عملى كنة اغاث أضاعد
وقد عملت ع مكت البرينه والعرصات بيدينة بمهانش بوظيفة
مستول و تسرین استام لهده حمیس و در در در این کارن کارن کارن کارن کارن کارن کارن کار
ولما تعامون الحصاري المعلى المنافية على ولعد هذا
دمس سوات ومیل ویما الد بر باع همی می
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يتمل الدوربيون والهم بكان غمل هذه الرامه الن حصدت رواح الدف الناس فقرعمد ( نعاقبة (دايت ) المسكور الذي آوقف لاحب والذي كان المشمرجكان كمم الدور الكيم فدأدن الصيئات العالمية والإغاكية بتغذيه المس اللازمة لمادلى الناس مكانمة بين هذه المسئات سمعه العلال الخصر الإمارات الله مدت بد العول لمؤلاء المحتاجين. ا الذي كنت أعمل فيه إلى الموهشه قه من أخا من مكتب أكبالم نه جههم ع منه ا درول و هذا بعد لمعارة المرب مشلات منوات وتم هذا التحويل جموافقة المكثل الرتبيس ع الإمارات العربة المعدد 15 = Lis Kallo le نان الركب والأوع

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ولفذ ترويث على الدُخلاق المهسة والمتقاملة الجيدة، عكن المعيش
the is Distant wester , was a let so children the
يُحضُمُ دَقِينَ الْمُحمَّا } بعائِلتَ شَم الرحمَّا ﴾ بعادُله الرياع
الأبن ملغ عدد هم ٥٥٥ وتنكار أعمارهم مَارِمِين ق منوات و
2) ais where the way she sail were a sailing
2) ais in early ward of the control
دلقت عشف به البومنه و الهرمات مح درن ان منشالهات ولفه
ولهر عسا المروم المراجعة الما المراجعة الما المراجعة الما المراجعة
الدنسات، و لم تنعر من هذه الفول إلى إلماءة أو مضانفة
من أُحدٍ ولن تنتعرمن أبعثًا، بل كنا فن في المعلان الرعم فنسِق مع
and the in sie is to the man we will in the in
is the this residence of the state of the st
جاءت لمنشر السلام به للوسة لم إن خروج هذه الفولت متهمر ض
~ · \ \
The state of the s
فالمستقبل لأن لا أحمل كرهًا على أحد أحدًا ، وقد ربين أولادى
على حُب المنامن وحُب لخير لهم.
منى حي الما من لست إدساعًا إرهابيًا وكيفاد حذيد إلرهاب في
cientles lies tur tens si constitues de
ولي عمون على الدُّونيّاع.
0 6
Detainee's Signature Date
Detainee's Signature Date

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عن آرد نم شعادة خاسكوعن هاؤلاء لأمناع المبن لمن أجهم عناهدية
المراجه واحدة واحدة و فولوالهم ماذا نع فو ن عن هذا الدنسان الذي
كان برمانه و بعس بهم. ويقد عن عمل مدينة بيمانش قولو المم
مانع فوق عن هذا المنسان الذي كان بعيش بينهم
- واذاً رونم بشمادة عالية أطبوا منهادة حسن السلوك والسيرة من
مكنت الرئيسي أبوفلى الذب و فافون عندهم وهم لعرفون مبدًا.
- وإذا أردنم سهادة لربعة فسكولين المشعفين، فلقد كمن بتعاويًا معهم
سادة الحصم منذ كلاي موات.
مَهَادِقًا مِعْهِم مِنْ وَلَا عَ مَنْ وَلَا عَمُواتِ . - واذا أردتم شهارة خاممة مسطواعث العَسَاكر والمسؤولين في سوبق
The same that the same that the state of the same that
كونتنامو دهبه كام احلامي بعدم مددم وبع سوى . - واذا أردتم منهارة سادست هذا الاباس الأمض الذي ألبنه في
Line of the contract of the co
- وإذا أردنن منهارة سابحة فسكلو عف حومة الوهنة، فلقد سوت
البيرلمان البوسوى عالؤ غليلة المتاحقة على المتافاوض تع الاعربكات
لامترحاعنا إلى المومنة والعبيش فعاكو معانين صلحبن
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وأخيرا أرحوا من تحلمكم المحنى وعلى أهمم رئيس الهمكمة
أَنْ أَضُوا قَفْتَ، بَوْلِ مَعلَى المِيةَ والعَالَةَ وضيري
يَطْمَانَ لَانَهُ بِي مَنْ الْمُ تُوتِهِ وَجِعِنْ لِي وَأَنَا إِنْهَانَ
آ تحمل مسؤلية عائلة لائنم إذا حرجة من هذا المكان
1 1200 the entry to 1200 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 110
فسكون هم أوجيد لفية العبش لزوجين دا دلادى، لأننى
نَقَدْتُ و ظَرِيدُمْ عَنْ مَا حِنْتَ إِلَى هَا الْهِكَانَ .
وأغانسا فأرب أفأعيش كتا وأهاعد المحاسب
والزيناع لاز من د لعبان عاطنه عم مرة دانية
عَنْ لِاتَّمْنَى خَطْرَتُ لَى أَحِدُ أَنِيَّةً.
Detainee's Signature Date

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