IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

JARALLAH AL-MARRI, et al.,))
Petitioners,)
v.) Civil Action No. 04-CV-2035 (GK)
GEORGE W. BUSH, President of the United States,)
et al.,)
Respondents.))

DECLARATION BY JONATHAN L. HAFETZ, ESQ

- I, Jonathan L. Hafetz, declare that the following statements are true to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.
- 1. I am an associate at the law firm of Gibbons, Del Deo, Dolan, Griffinger & Vecchione, P.C., counsel for Petitioner Jarallah al-Marri in the above-captioned action. I offer this Declaration in support of Petitioners' Motion to Compel Access to Counsel and Information Related to Petitioners' Medical Treatment.
- 2. Based on my prior communications with Mr. al-Marri, I have substantial reason to believe that he is participating in a mass hunger strike at Guantánamo.
- 3. On July 26 and 27, 2005, I visited with Mr. al-Marri at Guantánamo.
- 4. Mr. al-Marri informed me that during June and July, 2005, he was on a hunger strike for 17 consecutive days, during which time he refused to eat.

- 5. As a result of his hunger strike, Mr. al-Marri was hospitalized for several days. While he was hospitalized, Mr. al-Marri was connected to an IV system and treated for a serious heart problem.
- 6. Mr. al-Marri said at least two other detainees were in the hospital at the same time he was, and that they appeared to be in critical condition.
- 7. Mr. al-Marri informed me that he believed that at least 200 detainees at Guantánamo participated in the June-July hunger strike.
- 8. Mr. al-Marri said that he and other detainees participated in the hunger strike to protest their inhumane conditions of confinement, prolonged detention without charge or a fair hearing, and religious persecution at Guantánamo.
- 9. Mr. al-Marri has been detained at Guantánamo since around January 2002.
- Since around January 2004, Mr. al-Marri has been in solitary confinement at Camp 5.
- 11. The florescent lights in Mr. al-Marri's small cell remain on 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Mr. al-Marri has great difficulty sleeping, and for months has been able to sleep for only about two or three hours a night. Before he was imprisoned at Guantánamo, Mr. al-Marri never had any problems sleeping.
- 12. Mr. al-Marri is permitted to go outside approximately once every three weeks, when he is given a brief period of "recreation" in an enclosed area.
- 13. Mr. al-Marri has been denied adequate clothing and bedding.
- 14. Mr. al-Marri has been denied adequate medical and dental care, and presently suffers from a number of medical conditions, including heart, kidney, and bladder problems, which he never had before he was imprisoned at Guantánamo.

- 15. Mr. al-Marri said that he has both experienced and witnessed religious persecution at Guantánamo, including military guards' laughing at detainees during their daily prayers and mistreating detainees' copies of the Quran.
- 16. Mr. al-Marri has been denied contact with his family, including his wife and three children in Qatar.
- 17. During my visit to Guantánamo in July 2005, I expressed my concern to officials about Mr. al-Marri's physical and mental health, and requested that he receive proper care and treatment.
- 18. Mr. al-Marri lost approximately 25 pounds during the hunger strike and has lost approximately 35 pounds since he was detained at Guantánamo. He is approximately 5 feet 8 inches and, when I saw him in July, weighed only 105 pounds and appeared gaunt and frail.
- 19. Since my visit to Guantánamo in July 2005, I have communicated telephonically numerous times with Jarallah al-Marri's brother Mohammed in Qatar. Mohammed is deeply concerned about Jarallah's safety and well-being. He desperately wants the opportunity to speak to Jarallah and to know whether he is on another hunger strike and, if so, to find out about his health and safety.
- 20. I have substantial reason to believe that Mr. al-Marri is participating in the current hunger strike because of his recent 17-day hunger strike and because the conditions of confinement that Mr. al-Marri and other detainees were protesting have reportedly not improved materially since that strike. I also strongly believe that if Mr. al-Marri is participating in the current hunger strike, his health and safety would be gravely

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jeopardized in light of his serious medical condition and hospitalization during the previous hunger strike.

Executed this 16th day of September 2005 New York, New York

Jonathan L. Hafetz