# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

YASIN QASEM MUHAMMAD ISMAIL, et al.	) )
Petitioners,	) )
v.	) Civil Action No. 04-CV-1254 (HKK)
GEORGE W. BUSH, President of the United States, et al.,	) )
Respondents.	) )

### **DECLARATION OF JAMES R. CRISFIELD JR.**

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Commander James R. Crisfield Jr., Judge Advocate General's Corps, United States Navy, hereby state that to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, the following is true, accurate and correct:

- I am the Legal Advisor to the Combatant Status Review Tribunals. In that capacity I am the principal legal advisor to the Director, Combatant Status Review Tribunals, and provide advice to Tribunals on legal, evidentiary, procedural, and other matters. I also review the record of proceedings in each Tribunal for legal sufficiency in accordance with standards prescribed in the Combatant Status Review Tribunal establishment order and implementing directive.
- 2. I hereby certify that the documents attached hereto constitute a true and accurate copy of the portions of the record of proceedings before the Combatant Status Review Tribunal related to petitioner Yasin Qasem Muhammad Ismail that are suitable for public release. The portions of the record that are classified or considered law enforcement sensitive are not attached

hereto. I have redacted information that would personally identify certain U.S. Government personnel in order to protect the personal security of those individuals. I have also redacted internee serial numbers because certain combinations of internee serial numbers with other information become classified under applicable classification guidance.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: 12 Oct 04

James R. Crisfield Jr. CDR, JAGC, USN



# **Department of Defense Director, Combatant Status Review Tribunals**

OARDEC/Ser: 0201 11 October 2004

#### FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

From: Director, Combatant Status Review Tribunal

Subj: REVIEW OF COMBATANT STATUS REVIEW TRIBUNAL FOR

DETAINEE ISN #

Ref: (a) Deputy Secretary of Defense Order of 7 July 2004

(b) Secretary of the Navy Order of 29 July 2004

1. I concur in the decision of the Combatant Status Review Tribunal that Detainee ISN # meets the criteria for designation as an Enemy Combatant, in accordance with references (a) and (b).

2. This case is now considered final, and the detainee will be scheduled for an Administrative Review Board.

J. M. McGARRAH RADM, CEC, USN

Distribution:
NSC (Mr. John Bellinger)
DoS (Ambassador Prosper)
DASD-DA
JCS (J5)
SOUTHCOM (CoS)
COMJTFGTMO
OARDEC (Fwd)
CITF Ft Belvoir

#### **MEMORANDUM**

From: Legal Advisor

To: Director, Combatant Status Review Tribunal

Subj: LEGAL SUFFICIENCY REVIEW OF COMBATANT STATUS REVIEW TRIBUNAL

FOR DETAINEE ISN #

Ref: (a) Deputy Secretary of Defense Order of 7 July 2004

(b) Secretary of the Navy Implementation Directive of 29 July 2004

Encl: (1) Appointing Order for Tribunal #5 of 17 August 2004

(2) Record of Tribunal Proceedings

1. Legal sufficiency review has been completed on the subject Combatant Status Review Tribunal in accordance with references (a) and (b). After reviewing the record of the Tribunal, I find that:

- a. The detainee was properly notified of the Tribunal process and made a sworn statement at the Tribunal.
- b. The Tribunal was properly convened and constituted by enclosure (1).
- c. The Tribunal complied with all provisions of references (a) and (b). Note that some information in exhibits R-3 and R-5 was redacted. The FBI properly certified in exhibit R-2 that the redacted information would not support a determination that the detainee is not an enemy combatant.
- d. The detainee made no requests for witnesses or other evidence.
- e. The Tribunal's decision that detainee # is properly classified as an enemy combatant was unanimous.
- f. The detainee's Personal Representative was given the opportunity to review the record of proceedings and declined to submit comments to the Tribunal.
- 2. The proceedings and decision of the Tribunal are legally sufficient and no corrective action is required.

3. I recommend that the decision of the Tribunal be approved and the case be considered final.

(AMES R. CRISFIELD JR.

CDR, JAGC, USN



# Department of Defense Director, Combatant Status Review Tribunals

17 Aug 04

From: Director, Combatant Status Review Tribunals

Subj: APPOINTMENT OF COMBATANT STATUS REVIEW TRIBUNAL #5

Ref: (a) Convening Authority Appointment Letter of 9 July 2004

By the authority given to me in reference (a), a Combatant Status Review Tribunal established by "Implementation of Combatant Status Review Tribunal Procedures for Enemy Combatants Detained at Guantanamo Bay Naval Base, Cuba" dated 29 July 2004 is hereby convened. It shall hear such cases as shall be brought before it without further action of referral or otherwise.

The following commissioned officers shall serve as members of the Tribunal:

#### MEMBERS:

Colonel, U.S. Air Force; President

, Lieutenant Colonel, U.S. Air Force; Member

Lieutenant Commander, U.S. Navy; Member

J. M. McGARRAH

Rear Admiral

Civil Engineer Corps

United States Naval Reserve



# HEADQUARTERS, OARDEC FORWARD

GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA APO AE 09360

MEMORANDUM FOR DIRECTOR, CSRT

02 October 2004

FROM: OARDEC FORWARD Commander

SUBJECT: CSRT Record of Proceedings ICO ISN



1. Pursuant to Enclosure (1), paragraph (I)(5) of the *Implementation of Combatant Status Review Tribunal Procedures for Enemy Combatants Detained at Guantanamo Bay Naval Base, Cuba* dated 29 July 2004, I am forwarding the Combatant Status Review Tribunal Decision Report for the above mentioned ISN for review and action.

2. If there are any questions regarding this package, point of contact on this matter is the undersigned at DSN 660-3088.

DAVID L. TAYLOR

Colonel, USAF

#### SECRET//NOFORN//X1

# (U) Combatant Status Review Tribunal Decision Report Cover Sheet

(U) This Document is UNCLASSIFIED Upon Removal of Enclosures (2) and (4).

(U) TRIBUNAL PANEL: #5

(U) ISN#; \_\_\_\_\_\_

Ref: (a) (U) Convening Order for Tribunal #5 of 17 August 2004 (U)

(b) (U) CSRT Implementation Directive of 29 July 2004 (U)

(c) (U) DEPSECDEF Memo of 7 July 2004 (U)

Encl: (1) (U) Unclassified Summary of Basis For Tribunal Decision (U)

(2) (U) Classified Summary of Basis for Tribunal Decision (S//NF)

(3) (U) Summary of Detainee/Witness Testimony (U)

(4) (U) Copies of Documentary Evidence Presented (S//NF))

(5) (U) Personal Representative's Record Review (U)

1. (U) This Tribunal was convened on 28 September 2004 by references (a) and (b) to make a determination as to whether the detainee meets the criteria to be designated as an enemy combatant as defined in reference (c).

2. (U) On 28 September 2004 the Tribunal determined, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Detainee is properly designated as an enemy combatant as defined in reference (c).

3. (U) In particular, the Tribunal finds that this detainee is a member or associated with al-Qaida with affiliation with the Taliban as more fully discussed in the enclosures.

4. (U) Enclosure (1) provides an unclassified account of the basis for the Tribunal's decision. A detailed account of the evidence considered by the Tribunal and its findings of fact are contained in enclosures (1) and (2).

, Colonel, USAF

Tribunal President

# UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARY OF BASIS FOR TRIBUNAL DECISION

(Enclosure (1) to Combatant Status Review Tribunal Decision Report)

TRIBUNAL PANEL: #5

ISN #: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 1. Introduction

As the Combatant Status Review Tribunal (CSRT) Decision Report indicates, the Tribunal has determined that this detainee is properly classified as an enemy combatant and is a member or associated with al-Qaida and is affiliated with the Taliban. In reaching its conclusions, the Tribunal considered both classified and unclassified information. The following is an account of the unclassified evidence considered by the Tribunal and other pertinent information. Classified evidence considered by the Tribunal is discussed in Enclosure (2) to the CSRT Decision Report.

#### 2. Synopsis of Proceedings

The unclassified summary of evidence presented to the Tribunal by the Recorder indicated that the detainee is associated with al-Qaida. Those allegations are as follows:

- 1. The detainee stated that he observed UBL on three separate occasions.
- 2. The detainee stated that he lived in the "Azam Afwan" guesthouse in the Wazie Akbar Khan area of Kabul during September 11, 2001 and that the cooks were all al-Qaida.
- 3. The detainee stated that he lived at the "Najim (Ejm) al Jihad" guesthouse in Jalalabad, AF when Usama Bin Laden visited the guesthouse during the 1<sup>st</sup> week of the US bombing campaign in AF.
- 4. The detainee attended the Camp Farouq and the Malek training camp were he received training on the Kalashnikov rifle, rocket propelled grenades, PK machine gun, mountain fighting and tactics, anti-aircraft weapons, heavy artillery, surface-to-air missiles, topography, and explosives during the late spring 2000.
- 5. The detainee was captured in Tora Bora.

During the detainee's testimony to the Tribunal, he denied most allegations made against him, except the allegation that he had attended training at Al Farouq. The detainee's testimony often contradicted statements he made to interrogators and he claimed that he admitted to being a member of al-Qaida during torture by US Forces in Afghanistan. The detainee stated that he has been tortured here in Guantanamo Bay and that his shoulder was broken as a result of torture. He further stated that he received

UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO

immediate medical attention for his shoulder and that he was still receiving medication. The detainee stated that he would only provide his testimony if the President promised that the detainee would not be tortured. The detainee chose to participate in the Tribunal process. He called no witnesses and requested no documents be produced. After all matters were considered, the preponderance of evidence clearly showed that the detainee has been properly classified as an Enemy Combatant. The Tribunal President's evidentiary and witness rulings are explained below.

## 3. Evidence Considered by the Tribunal

The Tribunal considered the following evidence in reaching its conclusions:

- a. Exhibits: D-a and R-1 through R-7
- b. Testimony of the following person: none

#### 4. Rulings by the Tribunal on Detainee Requests for Evidence or Witnesses

The Detainee requested no witnesses be produced for the hearing.

The Detainee requested no additional evidence be provided.

#### 5. Discussion of Unclassified Evidence

The Tribunal considered the following unclassified evidence in making its determinations:

- a. The recorder offered Exhibit R-1 into evidence during the unclassified portion of the proceeding. Exhibit R-1 is the Unclassified Summary of Evidence. While this summary is helpful in that it provides a broad outline of what the Tribunal can expect to see, it is not persuasive in that it provides conclusory statements without supporting unclassified evidence. Accordingly, the Tribunal had to rely on the detainee's testimony and looked to classified exhibits for support of the Unclassified Summary of Evidence.
- b. Essentially the only unclassified evidence the Tribunal had to consider was the detainee's testimony. A summarized transcript of the detainee's testimony is attached as CSRT Decision Report Enclosure (3). In sum, the detainee testified that most accusations made against him alleging his status as an enemy combatant were false. He denied being a member of or associated with al-Qaida, but confirmed that he attended Al Faroug to receive training in small caliber weapons and heavy artillery. The detainee testified that the previous admission that he was al-Qaida was made during torture and that he made that admission in an attempt to appease his torturers. The detainee denied that he was associated with the Taliban, or that he ever stayed in known al-Qaida or Taliban guesthouses. The Tribunal did not find the detainee's testimony persuasive and thus, turned to classified sources for further clarification.

The Tribunal also relied on certain classified evidence in reaching its decision. A discussion of the classified evidence is found in Enclosure (2) to the Combatant Status Review Tribunal Decision Report.

### 6. Consultations with the CSRT Legal Advisor

No issues arose during the course of this hearing that required consultation with the CSRT legal advisor.

#### 7. Conclusions of the Tribunal

Upon careful review of all the evidence presented in this matter, the Tribunal makes the following determinations:

- a. The detainee was mentally and physically capable of participating in the proceeding. No medical or mental health evaluation was deemed necessary.
- b. The detainee understood the Tribunal proceedings. The detainee asked no questions regarding his rights and actively participated in the hearing.
- c. The detainee is properly classified as an enemy combatant. Specifically, he is a member of or associated with al-Qaida and affiliated with the Taliban.

### 8. Dissenting Tribunal Member's report

None. The Tribunal reached a unanimous decision.

Respectfully submitted,

Tribunal President

Colonel, USAF

# Summarized Sworn Detainee Statement

When asked by the Tribunal President if the detainee understood the CSRT process, the Detainee answered, "Yes."

Tribunal President: Do you have any questions concerning the Tribunal process?

Detainee: What do you mean if I have any evidence?

Tribunal President: As we go through the Tribunal process, the Recorder or the Personal Representative will submit evidence to this Tribunal board. This evidence will be in the form of information and it will be the first time the three members of this panel have seen that information. All of this information has been discussed with you by your Personal Representative. Do you have any other questions?

Detainee: No.

Tribunal President: Do you wish to make a statement to this Tribunal?

Detainee: I will talk with you as long as you guarantee me there will be no torture. If it will affect my safety I will say nothing.

Tribunal President: We will guarantee there will be no torture.

Detainee: 99% of what you have heard is inaccurate and incorrect.

[The Tribunal President asked if the Detainee wanted to make a statement under oath.]

Detainee: All the information that was just read is inaccurate.

Tribunal President: That's fine. (Detainee) Would he like to tell us what really happened?

Detainee: Yes.

Tribunal President: Please do so now.

Detainee: I want to talk about the reason I left Yemen? I left Yemen for personal reasons, logically I was not feeling well.

Tribunal President: What else would you like to tell us?

Detainee: I wanted to get married in Yemen, but for some reason my marriage was not approved and I had to leave there because psychologically I was not all together. I went to Afghanistan because it was the only place I could that I didn't need residency and I

could leave there cheaply. As far as the training that is not all true. I did take the tactics and the topography training. Change that, those two I did not train on them, but I did do all the other training.

Tribunal President: Okay, you are saying you did not take tactics or topography but you took the other courses.

Detainee: I did take the tactics and the topography. I have trained on all the weapons you mentioned.

Tribunal Member: You have?

Detainee: Yes. I not only had the training, I read the books. I was not in Tora Bora for more than one day. When the attacks took place I was not in Kabul, I was in Kandahar. When I went to Kabul, my plan was to go back. I was going to go from Kabul back to Yemen during the hot season. The first day I got to Kabul, I went to the market. Some Afghani people picked me up and said they were security. They drove me to a city that I didn't know. They took me to a house. I found out I was kidnapped and the people were not security. The house I stayed in was watched. I was told if I left they would kill me. From the first attack until the 26<sup>th</sup> day of Ramadan. They told me they would take me to a house with Arabs in it. They took me to an Afghani place in Tora Bora. I stayed there one day and they brought a wounded person and another guy called Kahled Egani. They were going to treat the wounded man and then we were all going to go back to Yemen. From there they sold me to the Americans. I was afraid in the beginning, because whenever we spoke to the interrogators we were punished. We were hit and tortured. Not only did I get hit and punched they broke my nose. The Americans did this to me. When I arrived in Cuba I got hit in the place where we eat. I got hit on the shoulder and it was very painful, it was dislocated or something. They threatened to break it monthly even when I got to Cuba they told me I would be here for a long time.

Tribunal President: Is there anything else you would like to say?

Detainee: The only time I went to Jalalabad was when I went to prison. The name you called the guesthouse, I have never heard of. They used that guesthouse for everyone. I deny seeing Bin Laden. That's the truth and whatever else you have is not true. The training I had on the weapons is that evidence? Is there anything against learning that?

Tribunal President: It is part of the evidence used for the determination.

Detainee: How can you use that as evidence to make your determination? There is no International Law forbidding me to learn that. Is this type of training forbidden Internationally?

Tribunal President: This is not a legal proceeding.

Tribunal President: Is there anything else you would like to say?

Detainee: No.

Tribunal President: Personal Representative do you have any questions for the detainee?

Personal Representative: Yes I do.

## Summarized Answers in Response to Questions by the Personal Representative

- Q. To clear up what you told me yesterday during our meeting, did you ever receive training on heavy artillery?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Did you receive training on explosives?
- A. No training on explosives.

# Summarized Answers in Response to Questions by the Tribunal Members

- Q. When you left Yemen, how did you get to Afghanistan?
- A. Plane.
- Q. How did you fly there and where did you stay?
- A. Somebody else got the ticket for me. I gave my friend my passport so he could get my ticket for me.
- Q. He paid for it, your friend paid for your ticket?
- A. I gave him my passport and the money.
- Q. And you flew from where in Yemen to Afghanistan? Did you go to Pakistan first or straight to Afghanistan?
- A. From Yemen to Pakistan and then to Afghanistan.
- Q. When you went from Pakistan to Afghanistan, how did you go?
- A. Took a bus.
- Q. Did anybody help you along the way; did they show you the way or interpret for you?

- A. There was a guy that took me from Pakistan to Afghanistan, his name was (inaudible).
- Q. Do you remember from what city in Pakistan you left from?
- A. Karachi.
- Q. From Karachi you took a bus to Kandahar?
- A. To Quetta.
- Q. Then from Quetta to Kandahar?
- A. Yes.
- Q. When you were in Kandahar did you go to Al-Farouq from there?
- A. I was in Kandahar for one week then I went to the camp.
- Q. You trained at Al-Farouq and then went on to Malek?
- A. I never went to Malek.
- Q. So, you learned your artillery training at Al-Farouq?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Are you a Mujahid fighter?
- A. No.
- Q. Did you meet any Al-Qaida or Taliban members in your travels in Afghanistan?
- A. I saw people coming and going, but I didn't know who they were but the houses were for anybody.
- Q. Why did you go to Afghanistan?
- A. I couldn't live there any more because of what I told you earlier. If I went to another country besides Afghanistan I would need a lot of money. That was the easiest to do. I lived there for two years and it never cost me anything.
- Q. What kind of work did you hope to find in Afghanistan?

- A. I didn't think about work. I had heard there were houses in Afghanistan that you could stay at and they provide the food and you don't have to do nothing.
- Q. Do you remember what year you left Yemen?
- A. No.
- Q. When you went to Pakistan you lived there for two years?
- A. Not in Pakistan in Afghanistan.
- Q. How long of those two years were you in Afghanistan?
- A. Two years.
- Q. So two years combined Pakistan and Afghanistan, is that what you are saying?
- A. I stayed in Pakistan for two or three days, the rest was in Afghanistan.
- Q. You said when you went to Afghanistan there were houses that you could stay and get food and didn't have to work. Why did you go from that to training?
- A. I had plenty of time to kill. The training was free just like everything else.
- Q. Who did you think was running the camp when you went for training?
- A. When I got my training I don't know who was running the place. About five or six months after being there I heard about Al-Qaida. I didn't hear the name Usama Bin Laden for about another five or six months later.
- Q. So, you were training for five or six months?
- A. All the training was about four months.
- Q. When you got here in Cuba from Afghanistan, you stated you were tortured here?
- A. Yes, I still use the medication for my shoulder.
- Q. You were hit in the shoulder one time?
- A. More than that. When they brought me here they tied my foot to my back and they threw me on my face. I feel there is something torn in my shoulder from the way I was laying on the floor.
- Q. Did you receive medical treatment here?

- A. I got treatment for the first two weeks I was here.
- O. But since that incident there has been no other torture?
- A. I haven't but I have seen other people in the camp mistreated and tortured and that affects me psychologically. I was afraid for my life. When the interrogators asked if I was Al-Qaida I would say yes to avoid the torture.

[Tribunal President asked if the Detainee had any further evidence to present to the Tribunal]

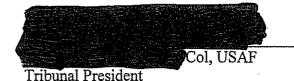
Detainee: I have nothing to say. I have no witnesses and this Tribunal is not a legal proceeding it is a military proceeding. It doesn't matter what I say, it's military and there are no judges.

Tribunal President: Personal Representative do you have any other evidence to present to this Tribunal?

Personal Representative: Yes sir. I want to state that the allegations of abuse have been written up and submitted to the OIC for investigations.

# **AUTHENTICATION**

I certify the material contained in this transcript is a true and accurate summary of the testimony given during the proceedings.



# **DETAINEE ELECTION FORM**

Date: 27 Sep 04

2616

Exhibit 1

	Start Time: 0750
	End Time: <u>0847</u>
ISN#: <b></b>	
Personal Representative: (Name/Rank)	, MAJOR, USAF
Translator Required? <u>YES</u>	Language? ARABIC
CSRT Procedure Read to Detainee or Wri	itten Copy Read by Detainee? YES
Detainee Election:	
Wants to Participate in Tribu	nal
Affirmatively Declines to Part	icipate in Tribunal
Uncooperative or Unresponsiv	ve
Personal Representative Comments	:
Detainee wants to participate and make an or	ral statement at the tribunal.
Detainee did not request any witnesses.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Personal Representativ	
UNCLAS	SSIFIED//FOUO 26

# FOUO

# Recorder Exhibit List For ISN

#	Title	Support	Classification
R1	Unclassified Summary		UNCLASSIFIED
R2	FBI Redaction dtd	R3 and R5	UNCLASSIFIED
R3	FBI FD-302 24-MAY-02	3.a.1.	FOUO//LES
		3a.2.	
R4	IIR 2 340 6828 02	3.a.3.	SECRET
R5	FBI 302 5/6/02	3.a.4.	SECRET//NOFORN
		3.a.5.	
R6	CITF Memorandum 29 March 04	Summary	SECRET//NOFORN
R7	JTF GTMO Baseball Card	FYI	SECRET//NOFORN

#### UNCLASSIFIED

#### Combatant Status Review Board

TO: Personal Representative

FROM: OIC, CSRT (23 September 2004)

Subject: Summary of Evidence for Combatant Status Review Tribunal for Detainee Ismail, Yasim Qasem Muhammad

- 1. Under the provisions of the Secretary of the Navy Memorandum, dated 29 July 2004, Implementation of Combatant Status Review Tribunal Procedures for Enemy Combatants Detained at Guantanamo Bay Naval Base Cuba, a Tribunal has been appointed to review the detainee's designation as an enemy combatant.
- 2. An enemy combatant has been defined as "an individual who was part of or supporting the Taliban or al Qaida forces, or associated forces that are engaged in hostilities against the United States or its coalition partners. This includes any person who committed a belligerent act or has directly supported hostilities in aid of enemy armed forces."
- 3. The United States Government has previously determined that the detainee is an enemy combatant. This determination is based on information possessed by the United States that indicates that he is associated with al Qaida.
  - a. The detainee is associated with al Qaida:
    - 1. The detainee stated that he observed Usama Bin Laden on three separate occasions.
    - 2. The detainee stated that he lived in the "Azam Afwan" guest house in the Wazir Akbar Khan area of Kabul during 11 September 2001 and that the cooks were all al Qaida.
    - 3. Detainee lived at "Najm (Ejm) al Jihad" guest house in Jalalabad, AF when Usama Bin Laden visited the guest house during the 1<sup>st</sup> week of the U.S. bombing campaign in AF.
    - 4. The detainee attended the Camp Farouq and the Malek training camp were he received training on the kalishnikov rifle, rocket propelled grenades, PK machine gun, mountain fighting and tactics, anti-aircraft weapons, heavy artillery, surface-to-air missiles, topography, and explosives during late spring 2000.
    - 5. The detainee was captured in Tora Bora.
- 4. The detainee has the opportunity to contest his designation as an enemy combatant. The Tribunal will endeavor to arrange for the presence of any reasonably available witnesses or evidence that the detainee desires to call or introduce to prove that he is not an enemy combatant. The Tribunal President will determine the reasonable availability of evidence or witnesses.

Exhibit 281



Department of Defense

Date 09/20/2004

Office of Administrative Review for Detained Enemy Combatants Col. David Taylor, OIC, CSRT

From:

FBI GTMO

Counterterrorism Division

Subject REQUEST FOR REDACTION OF

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

Pursuant to the Secretary of the Navy Order of 29 July 2004, Implementation of Combatant Review Tribunal Procedures for Enemy Combatants Detained at Guantanamo Bay Naval Base, Cuba, Section D, paragraph 2, the FBI requests redaction of the information herein marked. The FBI makes this request on the basis that said information relates to the national security of the United States<sup>2</sup>. Inappropriate dissemination of said information could damage the national security of the United States and compromise ongoing FBI investigations.

CERTIFICATION THAT REDACTED INFORMATION DOES NOT SUPPORT A DETERMINATION THAT THE DETAINEE IS NOT AN ENEMY COMBATANT

The FBI certifies the aforementioned redaction contains no information that would support a determination that the detainee is not an enemy combatant.

The following documents relative to ISN have been redacted by the FBI and provided to the OARDEC:

FD-302 dated 05/06/2002 FD-302 dated 05/24/2002

¹Redactions are blackened out on the OARDEC provided FBI document.

<sup>2</sup>See Executive Order 12958

Memorandum from to Col. David Taylor Re: REQUEST FOR REDACTION, 09/20/2004

If you need additional assistance, please contact

or Intelligence Analyst

Intelligence Analyst

Page Q of 3

# Personal Representative Review of the Record of Proceedings

I acknowledge that on 30 September 2004 I was provided the opportunity to review the record of proceedings for the Combatant Status Review Tribunal involving ISN

X I have no comments.

My comments are attached.

Date: 20 Sep 04

Maj: , USAF

Personal Representative