Summary of Administrative Review Board Proceedings for ISN 977

The Administrative Review Board was called to order.

The Designated Military Officer (DMO) was sworn.

The Board Reporter was sworn.

The Translator was sworn.

The Detainee entered the proceedings.

The Presiding Officer announced the convening authority and purpose of the Administrative Review Board proceedings.

The Administrative Review Board members were sworn.

The Assisting Military Officer (AMO) was sworn.

The Presiding Officer asked the Detainee if he wishes to make a statement under oath. (Muslim oath offered).

Detainee: We are God willing Muslims and there is no lying in our belief, in our religion and in all things [we] do not lie. Since Bagram up to now I have told my interrogators if I told any small lies or if anything I say is a lie, I will be a criminal and they can punish me however they want.

Presiding Officer: I understand your customs and I am aware of them, but I just request that you give me a yes or no answer and you are not required to take the oath.

Detainee: There is no problem I will swear.

Presiding Officer: The Muslim oath?

Detainee: Whatever is your law.

The Detainee accepted taking the Muslim oath.

The Presiding Officer read the hearing instructions to the Detainee and confirmed that he understood.

The Assisting Military Officer presented the Enemy Combatant Notification form, Exhibit EC-A, to the Administrative Review Board.

The Assisting Military Officer presented the Enemy Combatant Election Form, Exhibit EC-B, to the Administrative Review Board.
Presiding Officer: Assisting Military Officer please read your comments from the Enemy Combatant Election Form.

Assisting Military Officer: The Detainee’s ARB initial interview was conducted on 14 November 2005 and lasted one hour and ten minutes. After reviewing the ARB’s purpose and procedures, the Pashto translated Unclassified Summary of Evidence was read to the Detainee. The Detainee stated he understood the difference between the CSRT and the ARB. When asked if he wanted to attend the ARB, present a written or oral statement, or have the AMO speak on his behalf, the Detainee was non-committal and inquired if attending would benefit him. After the ARB process was thoroughly explained, the Detainee stated he would attend and would provide oral statements, point-by-point, to the Unclassified Summary of Evidence. The Detainee was very cordial, attentive, interactive throughout the interview, but appeared to have involuntary, sporadic twitching of his hands and mouth. At the conclusion of the interview, the Pashto translated Unclassified Summary of Evidence was provided to the Detainee, via his guards.

The Designated Military Officer presented the Unclassified Summary of Evidence, Exhibit DMO-1, the FBI Redaction Memorandum, DMO-2, and the Terrorist Organization Reference Guide, DMO-3, to the Administrative Review Board.

The Designated Military Officer stated that a copy of these exhibits had been previously distributed to the Assisting Military Officer for presentation to the Detainee.

The Presiding Officer noted from the Enemy Combatant Election Form that the Detainee wanted to respond to each item of the information from the Unclassified Summary as it was presented.

Presiding Officer: The Designated Military Officer (DMO) will read a statement and you will be given an opportunity to respond for as long or as short as you would like.

Detainee: I appreciate and thank the board for giving me the opportunity to answer the allegations in front of me.

The Designated Military Officer gave a brief description of the contents of the Unclassified Summary of Evidence, Exhibit DMO-1 to the Administrative Review Board to assist the Detainee with answering the statements.

Designated Military Officer: (3) The following primary factors favor continued detention: (3.a) Connections/Associations (3.a.1) The Detainee admitted he had met Gulbuddin Hekmatyar in 1995 and saw him again in 1996 when Gulbuddin Hekmatyar came to the Sarobi region of Afghanistan to settle a matter regarding land disputes.

Detainee: Yes, this is very clear and very understanding [throughout] the whole world. When the Soviet Union came to Afghanistan, Gulbuddin was one of those leaders who stood up against the Soviet Union and fought. Because Gulbuddin was fighting Soviet
Union, America and the whole world was helping him to fight Soviet Union. We
belonged to that country and that religion. We had an obligation to join a party, to fight
for our country, our area. We were not officially Gulbuddin Hekmatyar party members.
We were a tribe who [sided] with them in the fight against the Soviet Union, but I was
not a member of the Gulbuddin party. Since 1375, (in Pashto calendar) I had no problem
with Cold War because nobody was killing or nothing. When he started trouble with
other countries and other groups I gave up on him and haven’t been working with him
since.

Presiding Officer: What was that year again?

Detainee: 1375. After 1375, if anybody can find any connection between me and
Gulbuddin phone connection, writing connection, seeing, meeting or anything I will be
your criminal.

Presiding Officer: I appreciate your response, but what kind of land disputes did Mr.
Hekmatyar resolve?

Detainee: I don’t know, after the Najeeb Government, Gulbuddin took over as president,
and then Rabbani. Between Rabbani groups and Hekmatyar groups, there was heavy
fighting going on. I haven’t heard about any dispute over the land. When the Taliban
took over I was in Charaba and after the Taliban ran Gulbuddin away, they took all of
his residencies, groups and troops in Sarobi.

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.2) The Detainee admitted that he and his father were
both Hizb-I-Islami Gulbuddin commanders from 1988 to 1996.

Detainee: I don’t know if it was about 1988 or 1996 but my father was the leader of the
group in my area. He was fighting against the Soviets and then he became sick. The
whole tribe asked me to lead them, so I became their commander. Najeeb government
fell in 1371 so I don’t really know the date. So since 1371, Gulbuddin group was in
charge of our area, his was the government. I had to obey the rules and regulations of the
government. For any government that has come, we have had to obey the rules of that
government. The subjects never turned against the government and I was a subject to the
government in Sarobi.

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.3) It was reported that Gulbuddin Hekmatyar stayed at
the Detainee’s residence in Sarobi in November 2002.

Detainee: 2002 is how many years ago?

Presiding Officer: Three.

Detainee: Three years before. Is a few months less than three years that I have been
here.
Presiding Officer: Do you recall when you were detained or arrested? It says here he was captured in March of 2003, so we are talking about four months before that.

Detainee: Like I said before after 1375, if you find any connection by letter, by telephone, by messenger or anything I will be responsible as charged. I am a poor guy and Gulbuddin is a big guy and he is coming to my house and staying in my house, that’s funny. Unfortunately, I am right with some miserable human beings that are just telling the American authorities that I did things and they are giving wrong information. Besides that, you have been aware that for the past 25 years there was a Civil War going on in that country. The Farsi and Pashto [people] have conflict between them and it is a very miserable thing. They said Gulbuddin stayed in my home [about] four months prior to my capture and that was the time of government of the Americans and Sarobi is in the middle of Afghanistan and he honored me and came to my home? How did he get there? There is no way Gulbuddin could get to Sarobi in 2002.

Presiding Officer: Why not? Why couldn’t he get there?

Detainee: Thank God, it was the Karzai government and the government of Karzai secured the whole country with the American Forces presence. Besides that in Sarobi, when Gulbuddin’s kingdom was running our hostilities started between Gulbuddin and me. We would drive in a car and they would shoot at us. My cousin got shot in the neck and his name is Taj Muhammed and we were like big enemies (referring to him and Gulbuddin), so why would my enemy be coming to my home? This kind of government I was expecting for a long time and we were happy. So how come these people are giving you the wrong information making a friend out of my enemy?

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.4) The Detainee attended a meeting in December 2002 with Taliban and Hizb-I-Islami Gulbuddin officials to discuss the operation of a training camp.

Presiding Officer: This is approximately one month after it was reported Gulbuddin stayed at his house.

Detainee: All these allegations are baseless; there are no facts to them. It’s just some people who gave reports to put us in jail and that’s it.

Presiding Officer: Well we have some reliable sources that gave us this information and that’s what we are basing our questions on, or our comments. And as honest and as open you can be with us we would appreciate so we can at least differentiate where you were working with HIG and possibly with the Northern Alliance. It is understandable during the Soviet occupation that you sided yourself with somebody such as Mr. Heymatyr to protect your village.
Detainee: Yes, you say you have a very reliable source but I challenge you, just like I mentioned after 1375, if you can find any connection between me and the HIG, I will be guilty as charged, but this is the wrong information. I have enemies who gave the wrong information to put me in jail.

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.5) The Detainee was one of the main contacts for two Hizb-I-Islami Gulbuddin leaders in their efforts to conduct underground activities to rally and arm villagers for attacks against Coalition Forces.

Detainee: As I mentioned earlier these are not facts and are not true. They gave you this information and they [must] have no conscience to give you this wrong information. If they can prove this on me, I will let you punish me on behalf of all the Detainees here in Cuba, to show to the whole world that if somebody is doing these things they will pay for it. My eyes are waiting for the light to come up, for the sunrise, when we will be comfortable and at peace. When we will be able to find some food other than a piece of bread for our children. I was waiting for God to bring us some fight or some help to these fighters and this fight will be finished and we will live in peace and quiet with our family, our children, our brothers and our sisters.

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.6) The Detainee was identified as shipping weapons to Hizb-I-Islami Gulbuddin elements in the Panjran region of Afghanistan.

Detainee: I would like to say that you mention Parajan. Parajan is not even in that area and I have never visited that place, I don’t know that place. Everyone in my village knows I hated war and fighting. I started working on my land, building a gas station and a hotel to have a peaceful life. When we heard on the radio that Kabul was collecting weapons from all corners of the country I thought thank God, we are going to have a better life. There will be no weapons for people to fight.

Presiding Officer: But this is talking about you shipping weapons to a region. The question is have you been involved in shipping weapons to Afghanistan?

Detainee: No, never! I have never taken weapons anywhere. Like I said when I heard on the radio that Kabul was taking weapons, I was so happy and I said, “Thank God they are collecting weapons.” We will have peace for our families, our children and our brothers. I haven’t transferred any weapons nowhere.

Presiding Officer: Later we are going to bring up that you admitted to having different types of rocket launchers and some Kalashnikovs.

Detainee: That’s right! I had [them]. The weapons were all over Afghanistan at anytime and the tribe called me a leader. The Americans from the division of Jalalabad came with three commanders named Haji Mosa, Haji Wadu, and one named Malik and from the eastern zone, Chief of Staff General Calhoun. They came and told me to let them collect my weapons and I told my tribe that these gentlemen came to collect the weapons so give
them the weapons. I collected the weapons and I brought them in my home and Engineer Wasel said keep the weapons here [just in case] the government wants you to serve them you can use these weapons to benefit the government. Otherwise we will collect them later on. They started giving rations to 50 people. They sent people who took the numbers of the weapons and they [just] took the numbers with them.

Board Member: Let me get this straight please. The weapons belonged to your tribe sir, correct.

Detainee: Yes.

Board Member: And that is why you stored them in your residence?

Detainee: Yes.

Board Member: And the Americans came one day and said you can retain the weapons if they were used in support of the new government.

Detainee: They told us to collect weapons in one place and we collected the weapons. They ordered about the ration of some food and things and they said if the government had a mission or a job for you, you could get this and use it. Otherwise we will come and take the weapons.

Board Member: So most of these weapons belong to your tribe?

Detainee: Actually the weapons belonged to the Taliban government but the tribe took the weapons from them. My tribe told me that we would use the weapons for the security of Sarobi.

Presiding Officer: You took them from the Taliban when? When they were still in power?

Detainee: When the American government started campaign, they announced on the radio to separate yourselves from the Taliban. Then we became separate from them, took their weapons and returned to our village.

Presiding Officer: When you say you took the weapons from the Taliban, did they freely give them to you? How did you take them?

Detainee: The Taliban forced my people to work for them or being their soldier, even me. When the Americans came and started campaigning we already had the weapons.

Presiding Officer: You were actually working for the Taliban and that is why you had the weapons?
Detainee: Any government that comes and asks about making me a soldier I will, besides going to jail. I was working for them that is what it is. The American Forces came and then my tribe became separated from them (Taliban).

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.7) The Detainee has fought with the Hizb-I-Islami Gulbuddin, the Taliban and the Northern Alliance. The Detainee has switched sides several times and claims his loyalty is for the Afghan people and not a particular regime.

Detainee: That should be very clear to you. In Afghanistan the government has switched many times. First of all you know in our government, Gulbuddin was in charge so we were their soldiers. Then the Northern Alliance was under control and we were serving them. The Taliban came and we started serving them. Then when the Karzai government came we were happy for the government and we were ready to work for them and be their soldiers. I don't have any news from my village, my tribe, my wife, my children, my house, nothing. I just humbly request from this session, please I am requesting, please show me my crime not other peoples crimes, and let me know my crime. I haven't done any crime and the only thing I am hoping and expecting is that a good government will come and we will be in peace and take care of our family and children to have a better life.

Presiding Officer: My concern is you have supported three other groups and there are smaller groups back in your country that are fighting the U.S. Forces that are there trying to do good. So my concern is that you could possibly join a force that could fight against the U.S. Forces that are there.

Detainee: As far as my area there were no groups. I was not that big of a guy to make a group or go off to a group. I was like any government that came along I was serving; I was not a big shot. We are poor men and very, very miserable poor people. When we find the morning food, we are still thinking about how we are going to find our food for the evening. I don't know when the government became like this; we don't know which way to go and what to do. We are very poor people.

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.8) The Detainee's arrest put most Hizb-I-Islami Gulbuddin attack plans on hold.

Detainee: Like I said before and I am telling you again, these are baseless words. We are very poor people we are just thinking about trying to get food. We are hoping that one day we will hear that there is a peaceful government and we will live in peace with no war. When I heard on the radio Americans are here and we heard that in America people are not poor or go without food and there is no poverty there. So when we heard the Americans were here; we thought that one-day we would have enough food and have a peaceful life. We are waiting for those good times. Our country has been built up, our people have peace and our lives will be better. Like me, I have never been in school and my children have never been in school. We want to have education and build a better life. That is what we are waiting for. These are very, very baseless reports about me. I
know the people who gave these reports are my enemies and I believe they are America's enemies too. These reports they gave caused me and my father to be detained here and he is a sick man. We expect good things from Karzai government and the Americans.

Presiding Officer: You said your father is here, do you know his number?

Detainee: He is with me in Camp Four, in the same room.

Presiding Officer: He is housed near you?

Detainee: Yes.

Designated Military Officer: (3.a.9) The Detainee's brother held a secret meeting with five Hizb-i-Islami Gulbuddin commanders to plan ambushes on Coalition Forces to capture prisoners.

Detainee: I have been here for almost three years and my brother as far as when I was there, was working at home and started having a gas station. When I have that much enemies, he may have some also. I don't know anything else. All I know is one is God's kingdom and the other is America's kingdom.

Designated Military Officer: (3.b) Other Relevant Data (3.b.1) The Detainee was captured at his compound on 1 March 2003. He was detained because of his suspected links to Hizb-i-Islami Gulbuddin and to rocket attacks against a foreign government agency.

Detainee: I can say that they captured me in my own home, but the rest of this is made up, non-fact reports. It was a government owned house that I was living in.

Presiding Officer: And the rocket attack against a foreign government agency, do you know what they are talking about?

Detainee: I can tell you in my life I haven't shot a rocket. This is a very baseless allegation. Yes my tribe called me “commander.” I was their leader. I was serving my tribe, my people.

Presiding Officer: In the next comment we are going to talk about you having four rocket launchers, yet you said you have never shot one.

Detainee: One is having them and one is firing them, yes I did have them but didn't fire them. I kept them to stop the firing and I wanted my country to stop firing totally and give them to some reliable sources. When they came to collect these the American Forces soldiers were with them just like I mentioned earlier and there were three commanders from Jalalabad division with them. Eastern zone commander and Chief of Staff, General Calhoun as I mentioned earlier, and according to this general and these
authorities they collected our weapons on their orders and took them to my home. Then they gave us rations for 50 people and they told me to keep the weapons if we need you to support the government. Otherwise, we will collect them and store them in some other place. Its' not like these weapons went to some bad place. About 500 meters there were some other government forces near. It was a safe place. To serve our government and to bring peace to our people we collected the weapons from the people. We were listening to the orders of our own government and nobody violates the orders of the government.

Board Member: I have a question, sir. Did you have rocket launchers in your building/home?

Detainee: Yes, it was a government house I was living in it. The zone commanders had the numbers of everything they collected.

Board Member: And you say you have never fired a rocket launcher.

Detainee: No.

Board Member: Do you know how to operate the rocket launcher?

Detainee: I have not fired it, but a lot of people said all you have to do is read the book and they have done it and know how to use it. I don't know myself how to use it but I have heard it done. Nobody has even fired it close to me, but I have heard it from a distance.

Designated Military Officer: (3.b.2) The Detainee admitted he had four rocket launchers, 77 Kalashnikovs, three or four machine guns and several different weapons stored in his home.

Detainee: Those were village weapons, which I have already mentioned.

Designated Military Officer: (4) The following primary factors favor release or transfer:
(4.a) The Detainee stated that the Americans and United Nations support the Afghan Government and the Afghan people have to build their country the way others have been built. The Detainee stated that the people under his command understand this and they are pro-American.

Detainee: Those are very proven words. The poor miserable Afghans who are worry about getting a piece of bread everyday were expecting that kind of government to come to get them more than a piece of bread. All we know is what we were hearing from the radio about how many people died, killed, captured, died from bombings and these kinds of things. We hardly heard any good news and when this government came it was like bringing light to a dark room.
Designated Military Officer: (4.b) The Detainee stated that he was hired to provide security against Taliban and al Qaida fighters and terrorist.

Detainee: Yes, this is correct. When the Americans started their campaign in Afghanistan, General Rahim Wordak sent for us and then we took the security in our own region of Sarobi. We kept active to secure that region. As you know, the Northern Alliance and Farsi talking people and authorities who sent him to us put him in jail and the General Rahim’s secretary in jail, and then they said you are not fighting in our behalf like the Farsi people. You are supporting the Pashtoons. All the Farsi speakers believe the land belongs to them and they want the power.

Designated Military Officer: (4.c) The Detainee stated that he had instructed his personnel to give up their weapons only to the Karzai government or to American Forces.

Detainee: That’s proven, that’s true. That is very proven when the American authorities came with the Afghan Commander to collect weapons and we would give them the weapons.

Designated Military Officer: (4.d) The Detainee stated he would oppose any Taliban, al Qaida or other terrorist entering his area.

Detainee: All over the world radios and televisions say, “Don’t let al Qaida come to your state”. That’s why we were on the side of the government and against those people.

Designated Military Officer: This concludes the Unclassified Summary of Evidence.

The Designated Military Officer confirmed that he had no further unclassified information and requested a closed session to present classified information relevant to the disposition of the Detainee.

The Presiding Officer acknowledged the request.

The Presiding Officer opened the Administrative Review Board to the Detainee to present information with the assistance of the Assisting Military Officer.

Assisting Military Officer: Yes sir, the Detainee requested to make an oral statement before the board.

Presiding Officer: Assisting Military Officer please read the Detainee’s additional comments on the Enemy Combatant Election Form.

Assisting Military Officer: After the Unclassified Summary of Evidence was read the Detainee summarized his response by stating, “I don’t know these things.” Before deciding to attend the ARB, the Detainee opined the problem was determining whether his presence would be beneficial, and he then claimed, “If they present this calmly and
coolly as was done today, then yes, I will attend.” When informed by the AMO that he would be treated with respect and dignity during the ARB and he would be expected to treat others likewise, the Detainee recited a Proverb, “Human is being in good behavior with others.” The Detainee then claimed he was taking medicine for a mental condition and opined he would be best prepared if the ARB was held after his normal practice of morning Prayer, breakfast, and naptime. When the AMO asked if he wanted to respond to the Unclassified Summary point-by-point or after it was presented in it entirety, the Detainee replied, “after each point, because my memory is very weak...I take medicine.” When the AMO asked if he wanted to present any written statements, by himself or others, the Detainee replied, “I am very weak in my writing” and then stated, “I have letters from my cousin, my brother...but the best document is me.” The Detainee then opined he didn’t even know what would be beneficial in those letters because “I don’t know why I’m here” nor “Why I’m a Detainee.” The Detainee further opined that after three-plus years of detention, he still wasn’t sure if “the U.S. detains friends or enemies” because “as a Detainee, I have always done my best to cooperate...and tell the truth.” The Detainee then claimed if anyone could prove otherwise, “they can punish me.” On the subject of being a threat to the United States or its allies, the Detainee stated “My memories are only good...based on the United States support (to Afghanistan) after the Soviet invasion” and then claimed he was “happy again when the United State[s] invaded to fight al Qaida.”

Detainee: It was not human is treating human with good behavior it is “Human”. When you help somebody or do some good to a human being you feel like you owe them (clarification of the Proverb mentioned in the Detainee’s additional comments).

Presiding Officer: Could he please just clear up, “Human is being good behavior with others.”...and explain to us what he really meant.

Detainee: The literal explanation, I don’t know, but this is kind of a local Proverb that we say. Like yesterday, this officer spent time with me and he treated me very kind. This man has treated me very humanly and I owe him for this.

Presiding Officer: Thank you.

Presiding Officer: You may begin your statement at this time.

The Detainee made the following statement:

Detainee: You have already, a few minutes ago, heard it and I don’t want to say too much because I would just repeat that. I am wondering why I am a prisoner? They said I was taking part of this operation and conducted this meeting and this and that. I was that kind of guy. So why when Americans come with the zone commanders and told me to collect the weapons, why did I do that? I could have fought them back. If I was an operations person and when the Americans came and the Afghan commanders came and I had the weapons, and done a lot of operations, why didn’t they do something then if

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they wanted to capture me? That's okay, I have been here a little less than three years
and maybe I will be here longer according to their judgment and maybe they will
research more about me to see who I am and maybe, I can be released or remain here. I
will give it to God and whatever he is doing. For the future of these poor miserable
people and also some of them are in pain, why they bother these poor people and keep
punishing them? It's okay my family, my children, my nieces and nephews, my brothers,
my cousins, and my village are all okay. If America is happy with putting me in jail, and
if my being in jail brings peace to America, and they benefit then they can put me in jail
for another three years if they want. I can see all of these people have family and
children, and I have family and children, and I can put them in front of my eyes and look
at my children the same way. Three years, a little bit less then three years, I have not
heard news about them and they have not heard news about me. I don't have my crime
and I don't know my crime. If my being a prisoner brings some peace and happiness and
solves America's problem, they can keep me here.

Presiding Officer: Does that conclude your statement?

Detainee: Yes, I don't have anything else to say. Thank you for listening in this session
and paying attention to what I have said and I will keep in my memory this good session
all my life.

The Assisting Military Officer had one question for the Detainee.

Assisting Military Officer: I was wondering how much time transpired between the point
that the Americans came and collected the weapons and the time you were captured?

Detainee: I did not write the date. It could be a month or more. How many months
[went by] I don't know. I don't know how many months or days.

Presiding Officer: So it could be about a month?

Detainee: No, more than that.

The Designated Military Officer had no questions for the Detainee.

Administrative Review Board Member's questions:

Board Member: What would be your occupation if you were released?

Detainee: If I were released, as I planned before I came here, I will start working on my
land and I will build a gas station. I was also going to build a hotel; it depends on the
government if they will leave me alone. That was my plan, to run a gas station and a
hotel because I have seen too many soldiers and war. When I see a military base, I will
close my eyes and keep walking past it, I am through with weapons and war.

Board Member: Thank you.
Detainee: Thank You.

Presiding Officer: You are through with the weapons and war, it sounds like you have been a good soldier for many a year.

Detainee: Soldiers are only working for the government; the other side is called fighters. Like here there are some leaders and there are some subjects. Soldiers are obeying the leaders. Then I was a soldier.

Presiding Officer: You were also a leader in your region of Sarobi.

Detainee: Local tribe.

Presiding Officer: You wish to go back to work on your land as a farmer to build a gas station, restaurant and hotel?

Detainee: When I was free I picked farming for myself. I built up a gas station and I put my brother on that. So when I started my hotel, I was going to put my other brother in charge of that. All my life, my desire was to have a quiet life and do good things. That was my dream. Some days I am dreaming about how it would be nice to have my own land and things around me.

Presiding Officer: I would like to thank you for your honest answers today and we will most definitely take your comments into consideration.

Detainee: Thank you very much, from the ground to the sky that much thanks. If I lied or if I have lied on anything else against the Americans or, if you find out anything I have said is a lie, then I am a criminal.

Presiding Officer: My biggest concern today is the comment we brought up to you about your suspected links to some rocket attacks against a foreign government agency and I am a little concerned about your answer there.

Detainee: I said these are baseless reports that you have received. I said in Afghanistan that for a long time there was misery and bad things were happening. In that kind of condition the Pashto and Farsi conflict started growing. Because I am a Pashtoon and I was defending Pashtoon and I was standing beside my people. Because of General Rahim Wardak and Karzai was in power in the government and they were Pashtoon, I was supporting them and standing beside this government. Unfortunately, in our area, Farsi talking people and Tarjik people were in power in the government, all the government control things in their hands. They couldn't find any other excuse to get rid of us they just tied these allegations on us to get us put in jail. That's why if anybody who is not on their side would be put into jail so they can get total control of the government. The United Nations and the United States, I have deep, deep respect for them. Forget about the rockets, I did not fire rockets on them, this is impossible because I respect them very much. Even when they were in Sarobi during the interim election of Karzai they didn't
give us a chance to join the elections. They brought their own people to just combat the election and everything. They were telling the people to give the vote to their people. The Northern Alliance, the Americans believed them, and anybody who was on their side. So you can ask General Rahim about that because he was in Afghanistan at that time, but I don’t know where his is now.

Presiding Officer: Thank You.

The Presiding Officer read the post-Administrative Review Board instructions to the Detainee and adjourned the open session of the Administrative Review Board.

The Presiding Officer opened the classified portion of the session.

The Presiding Officer adjourned the classified portion of the session and the Administrative Review Board was closed for deliberation and voting.

AUTHENTICATION

I certify the material contained in this transcript is a true and accurate summary of the testimony given during the proceedings.

[Signature]

Colonel, U.S. Marine Corps
Presiding Officer